



Established in 1869.

"Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN.

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer. Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,
JAMES A. BEAVER, of Centre county.
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
W. T. DAVIES, of Bradford county.
JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
WILLIAM HENRY RAWLE, of Phila.
SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JOHN M. GREER, of Butler county.
CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,
MARIOTT BROSIUS, of Lancaster.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

GENERAL BEAVER is arousing enthusiasm wherever he goes in Pennsylvania.

The nomination of Brosius is well received by the Republicans. He is a young man, and young men must come to the front.

We now have a brave soldier at the head and foot of our ticket, and both were always at the front during the war. So it will be during the coming campaign.

MR. GUTEAU will not probably spend the warm season in Washington. He is not particular about leaving there, but is entirely in the hands of his friends.

If Cameron had Brosius picked out for congressman-at-large, he succeeded most admirably in keeping the fact from the knowledge of everybody till within ten minutes of the nomination.

In the observance of a time-honored and popular custom, there will be no issue of the REPUBLICAN next week. All persons connected with this office desire to keep the week on which the great National holiday occurs as one of rest and recreation. We hope all our readers will pass the "day we celebrate" in a pleasant and patriotic manner.

It is certainly to be hoped that the coming crops of the present season will fulfill the expectations that have already been authorized by public accounts, which promise that they will be largely ahead of those of last year, as the country now stands very much in need of food crops to restore the export trade to its former proportions, and thereby increase the balance of trade in our favor.

It is undoubtedly a decided triumph for Mr. Gladstone's policy in Ireland that the no-rent policy has been abandoned by the Irish, and that the tenants are generally paying their rents at the reduced standard. But it must not be forgotten that it is a still greater triumph for the Land League, since but for the organized resistance to the Force bill the reduced valuations would never have been conceded by the landlords.

The best evidence of the election of Mr. Brosius is afforded by the Philadelphia Times, which says that he "has done himself a great wrong by accepting the nomination of the rump of a boss convention," and that he "will be beaten because the cause he must espouse is a stench in the nostrils of the Republican people." Whenever the Times makes a prediction it is sure never to be fulfilled. Mr. Brosius, therefore, will be elected.

It appears that in the District of Columbia not more than twelve citizens can legally be admitted to witness a hanging, and so unless the pressure for admission is too strong to be resisted, the spectators, when Gutteau makes his last appearance, will not be numerous. Unless the assassin has greatly changed since the days of the trial, his vanity, even in the last solemn hour, will be wounded by this circumstance. He is vain enough to desire that all the world should follow him to the scaffold.

Dr. Morrison's Plan.

Mr. Morrison, a Democratic member of Congress from Illinois, and vouched for as one of the ablest and best informed men in the House, has lately been describing the political situation. The summing up which Mr. Morrison delivers is, that there is but one issue upon the Democrats ever go to the country with any hope of ousting the Republicans. That issue is free trade and tax reform. He says that the people were coerced into voting against a tariff for revenue only in 1880, that they were then and are now opposed to protective duties, and that the Democrats by planting themselves firmly on that issue must at last secure a return to power in the nation.

Mr. Morrison pays his respects to the tariff as it is in good Democratic fashion. He says that it is serviceable mainly to enrich monopolists, and "as every workingman must see, does not raise the wages of the laboring man at all." This is a matter of facts and statistics, whatever Mr. Morrison may think of it, and as the statistics conclusively prove that wages do rule considerably higher under protection than under a revenue tariff, he pays the workingmen a double compliment when he denies it. The wages paid by various producers since the present tariff went into effect settled on a fair average in 1874. We will institute a brief comparison between the wage rate in 1860 under a revenue tariff and the rate under protection in 1874. We find that wages paid farm hands was about forty per cent. greater in 1874 than in 1860. Unskilled laborers received about thirty per cent. more per day in 1874 than in 1860. Mechanics received about seventy per cent. more per diem wages in 1874 than they did under a revenue tariff. And as to the men employed in specially protected industries, their wages ranged and range from twenty to seventy-five per cent. above those paid under a revenue tariff.

But it is generally conceded nowadays that wages advance under protection, probably because the statistics show that fact. The usual practice among free-traders is to admit that the wage rate advances, but that the purchasing power of the dollar decreases in equal ratio. As to this, much reckless statement is indulged by free-trade advocates. It simply is not true that the purchasing power of the dollar decreases under protection in the ratio of increased wages. For if this were true, high wages and the opportunity to earn the same would not as they unquestionable do, render the country prosperous. The times of general prosperity are always accompanied by good wages, and this country has never seen a fairly prosperous year under any other than protective duties. If Mr. Morrison will look around him he will discover that Illinois owes almost all of her great industries to the period during which the present tariff has been operative. The material growth of the West dates back but a little time in chief part, and its exports of manufactured products really began under the tariff we have. Twenty years ago the West was not self-sustaining as it is to-day and it would not have been so to-day had the revenue tariff of 1860 been continued. Perhaps the intelligent men of the West may be deceived into voting for free trade, but we do not fear that. The press of the West tells the story, and the western press contributes more to the literature of protection than all the press of the country beside. The advocates of protection will welcome the issue thought by Mr. Morrison to be the only issue upon which the Democrats can go to the country with reasonable hope of success.—*Phila North American.*

A FRIEND who has given the rebellion of the Independent Republicans much careful thought tells us to advise them to read carefully the 16th chapter of Numbers.

The Convention.

Marriott Brosius, who was nominated for congressman-at-large by the Lancaster city bar, and about forty-five years of age. The Brosius family is one of the oldest in that county, and years ago its members were distinguished for their anti-slavery sentiments. The nominee served in the late war and was severely wounded at Bermuda Hundred. He is a gentleman of fine attainments and a brilliant and able speaker. When Judge Jessup's resolution requesting the state committee to call a new convention was under consideration, he offered as a substitute a resolution instructing the convention to fill the vacancy caused by the declination of Thomas M. Marshall at once, by making a nomination, and to authorize the state committee to use all honorable means to bring about harmony, if possible, between the two wings of the Republican party. This resolution, after a discussion lasting about an hour and a half, was finally adopted by an overwhelming vote. This showed clearly that the sentiment of the convention was against calling a new convention, and ended the discussion.

When taking this active part in the proceedings Mr. Brosius did not suppose for one moment that he was to be the nominee, and not a single delegate, substitute, representative of the press, or any other man, supposed that he would be suddenly chosen. Mr. Brosius unwittingly brought about his own nomination by his neat, eloquent and patriotic little speech declining to stand as a candidate when he was nominated by a friend. When he sat down the cry, "Brosius, Brosius," at once rang through the hall, and in a few minutes it was apparent that he was the coming man, and that it would be useless to attempt to stay the rising tide in his favor. As the roll was called delegate after delegate sang out "Brosius," and when the end was reached and it was seen that he was nominated by a two-thirds vote, many delegates asked to change their votes to him. His nomination, therefore, was brought about much in the same way as Marshall's, the only difference being that Brosius accepted the honor conferred upon him in a feeling speech, in which he said that he did not feel at liberty to reject the call of the convention made with such promptness and sincerity.

The ticket is now filled and it is the duty of every good Republican to aid in its election. If the state committee should succeed in bringing about peace between the two wings the Republican majority will be largely increased. But, if the Independent element will persist in its opposition, the Republicans must work harder and more determinedly to succeed, and succeed they will. The Republican ticket is a most excellent one throughout, and worthy of the undivided support of the party.—*Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin.*

CINCINNATI and Chicago will be exhilarated to learn that their chief staple, the hog, has reappeared in the French Assembly—or rather the law regulating the import of this interesting beast into the sunny land of France. The ministry, greatly against its will, has been forced to give a half-hearted assent to a proposition enlarging the limitations under which rural France has been enabled to substitute for the chicken promised for its Sunday pot by Henri Gautier the luscious and fattening pork of the plain. This will be good news to the two Western cities, which since the embargo, have had rather more hog than they relish, though it is not entirely conclusive that they will have less by the exportation of more.

THE Democrats, like the Independents, are not pleased with the nomination of Brosius. They hardly know what would please them.

Brosius' Speech.

Mariott Brosius, candidate for Congressman-at-Large, made the following speech in accepting the nomination of the convention:

Gentlemen of the Convention: A distinguished Frenchman, who was nominated to a seat in the academy, said that he bet that his nomination was a premonition of an early death, and what is worse he died within a week. In 1861 a revolt against the constituted authority of the government reared its hydra head, and my country issued her call and I, a boy, heard it and although a boy I felt bound, as I loved my country, to respond to that call. [Cheers.] Eighteen years ago, on the field of Bermuda Hundred, I thought, perhaps, I had made a mistake in having responded to that call, and as I lay bleeding, expiring on that field, I thought my life would soon end. I, however, was agreeably disappointed. [Applause.] To-day the Republic calls for the service of her son again, and while my mind was made up positively, and I thought unalterably, when I asked permission to decline this nomination, yet when I saw the feeling actuating this convention, and felt that it was your desire that my name should appear on the ticket, I heard again with throbbing heart and aching brain the call, "Come to the front." [Prolonged applause.] I was willing before to sacrifice all I had, my life if necessary, on the altar of my country; I must be willing to day to lay all I have on that altar. I know this act is unwise in you. [Cries of "No no no!"] I fear you have made a mistake. I warned you in advance and you can never shake your gory locks at me, whatever the consequences. [Laughter.] You can never shake your fingers at me and say "David thou art the man that brought this upon us." Gentlemen of the Convention, I have nothing more to say, except that I bow to your command.

THE make-up of the next United States Senate will probably be as follows: Louisiana sends a Democrat in place of Republican Senator Kellogg; Oregon a Republican in place of Democratic Senator Grover. Virginia has elected a Readjuster Republican to succeed Senator Johnston, Democrat, and Illinois is sure to name a Republican to succeed that portly ornament of the fence, Judge Davis. Davis having of late usually voted with the Republicans, here is a clear Republican gain of one, and a partial gain of two. There is an even chance that Senator McPherson, Democrat, of New Jersey, will be succeeded by a Republican. In no other state is a change of senatorial politics at all probable. Coaling Davis and Mahone at what they now are, Republicans pro tem, the Senate has 39 Republicans to 37 Democrats. The change in Virginia will give the next senator 40 Republicans to 39 Democrats, and in case New Jersey elects a Republican legislature this year, the votes on division will be 41 Republican to 35 Democratic.

M. CHARLES KICHET, a writer for French periodicals, has made a study of population in France, and printed his conclusions, which are at least startling. He says the number of births since 1826, but more especially since 1876, has been constantly diminishing all over the country, although in some provinces more than others. The decline has been greatest in the rural part of France, and nowhere in these regions so great as where the land is subdivided among peasant proprietors. He adds that, for the last fifty years, only three important towns, Paris, Lyons and Marseilles, show an advance in population. "Perhaps a remedy may exist," he says; "if not, we may despair of the future."

GUSTAVUS LINDQUIST, of the Polar North Pole exploring expedition of 1870 and 1872, who was also on the Tigris, arrived in New York on Monday on the steamer Cassius, from Stockholm. Mr. Lindquist is preparing a Swedish work on Polar exploration, in conjunction with Professor Nordenskjöld. He is a member of the Royal Geographical Society of Sweden. He has recently been deputy harbor master at Stockholm.

THE bronze fence around Vanderbilt's houses, in New York, cost \$40,000, but a poor little Lutheran church society has paid as much for a fence they didn't build. Several years ago—in fact in 1796—the church in question was looking around for a new church site. A lot containing six acres, "out in the country," was offered them as a free gift, providing they would not only erect the church edifice, but put a neat and substantial fence around the entire tract. They demurred at the fence, it would cost too much, and the place was so far out of town that the fence was unnecessary, except to keep the cows out, and they had no objection to the cows being in. So they declined the offer. The six acres embraced what is now the corner of Broadway and Canal streets, and six millions would be too small a figure for it to-day. If the church had built the fence and held the ground, they would now be rivals in wealth with the aristocratic Trinity church corporation, which hardly knows how to spend its income. The Lutherans of the present day think of what might have been, and rail at the indefensible short-sightedness of their ancestors.

THE Senate on Thursday passed the bill authorizing the extension of national bank charters substantially the same shape in which it passed the House, and as there can be no question of its securing the President's approval it will undoubtedly become a law and will obviate the difficulties which stood in the way of reorganization under the old law. The principal thing which threatened trouble to general business interests under the process of reorganization suggested by the Comptroller of the Currency in accordance with the old law, was the possible withdrawal of large amounts of national currency and the consequent stringency of the money market. In the new bill this evil is provided against by distributing the withdrawal of currency over a long period and limiting the aggregate amount which can be withdrawn per month. The general features of the bill are such as to commend it to the business public.

UNION College is troubled by a very serious quarrel, which has at last become public, between President Potter and the other members of the Faculty. The difficulty, much like that which has so seriously injured Dartmouth College, springs out of the familiar dispute between a college president and the professors as to the limits of their powers and the extent of their own. Few things are more lamentable than such differences, in which there is generally much to be said on both sides. In the present instance, the trustees have supported President Potter in the past, and the Alumni—judging from their vote for trustees—have favored the Faculty.

JUVENILE depravity rarely takes a more determined form than the case reported from Sunbury, where a group of lads, intoxicated doubtless by the blood and thunder deeds of dime novel daring, not only set out on a career of wholesale pillage but intrepidly withstood the attempt of the officers to arrest them. Law and order societies couldn't devote their spare time to a better task than rewarding literary genius for the production of healthful stories that should wean youthful minds from the unwholesome stuff, now driving young America to the penitentiary.

WHILE there is a good deal to be said in favor of the proposal to enlist Indians in the regular army, the experiment would not be free from risk. If the loyalty of the red recruits could be depended upon, it would be all right, but they might in the midst of the fight take it into their heads to side with the enemy and that would be decidedly awkward.

GENERAL NOTES.

INTERESTING developments regarding the Washington lobby are likely to follow the recent star route indictments.

The chief of police of Milwaukee, by direction of the mayor, has ordered all the gambling houses of that city to be closed; and in a notice to the press and people he assures them that the order means extermination to gamblers.

THREE little sons of Duncan Taylor, the eldest 8 years old, while playing in a stable at Brussels, Ontario, the other day, went into an oat bin, the lid of which closed upon them. They were found at night dead from suffocation.

THE regents of the Nebraska State university have ended the prolonged sectarian quarrel in the board of education by notifying Chancellor Fairchild that his services would be dispensed with, and thoroughly reorganizing the faculty.

A YOUNG woman by the name of Morrow, from Newport, whilst on her way to call on a friend at Wampum, Pa., was struck and instantly killed by lightning Sunday afternoon. Her shoes were torn from her feet and the hair from her head.

THURSDAY, June 15th, not less than two thousand five hundred people of all ages and both sexes gathered at Lynce's Landing, Crawford county, to celebrate the one hundredth anniversary of the birthday of Balizer Gehr, who was one hundred years old on the 3d of April last.

Two young couples of Cohocton, Ohio, thought it would be a romantic idea to elope down the river to Marietta by moonlight in a rowboat. The trip was only half made, however, when the men were arrested for stealing the boat, and the girls were sent home alone and unmarried.

A SECOND ADVENT camp meeting is being held at Denton, Texas, by people who believe that the second coming of Christ is at hand, and might be hastened by a proper demonstration of readiness to receive Him. They have gone so far as to prepare a tent for the Saviour's occupancy, with a handsome bed and other furniture.

MISS JOSEPH GREEN, of New Orleans, La., daughter of Protestant parents, embraced the Jewish faith, and was married to Mr. Isaac Feitel, a Hebrew, in that city on the 14th inst. Shortly before her public declaration of her change of faith they were married by a civil magistrate; after it they were united by the Jewish rabbi.

THERE is a general disposition among the mayors of large cities just now to worry the gamblers. The chief magistrate of Milwaukee is among the latest and most zealous to join in the movement. In one of his raids thirty-seven well known and more or less respected residents were taken to court and fined from ten to fifty dollars for playing faro.

THE boot and shoemakers' union of San Francisco copyrighted a "white labor stamp" for use in factories where no Chinamen were employed. A large majority of the public would thereafter buy no boots or shoes that did not bear the stamp. But the discovery has been made that, through the connivance of white dealers, the entire product of several Chinese shops have been stamped for the market.

A BARBER in Lawrence, Mass., thought it funny to cut the hair of a simple minded customer in an eccentric and ludicrous manner, but the police justice, on the matter being brought before him, looked at it from a different point of view, and telling the barber that he had been guilty of a serious assault, fined him \$50 and costs, with the alternative of going to jail for six months.

THIS annual sun dance of the Ponca Indians is described as having a considerably civilized aspect this year. There were blankets instead of buffalo robes, paints from a drug store instead of dyes from herbs, ropes instead of rawhide strips, and glass beads in place of wampum. The savage character of the ceremony continued, however, unchanged, the principal rite consisting of lacerating the flesh in various ways.

A WOMAN of Stockton, Cal., believing that she was about to die, confessed to her husband that she did not love him, but had centered her affections on a neighbor. She declared she could not die unforgiven, and so the husband freely forgave her. But he granted the favor only in view of her speedy death, and, when she unexpectedly recovered, he began a suit for divorce. Her defense is that he condoned her fault by the forgiveness, and a peculiar question of law is raised.

ALL the editors, lecturers and books on the Indian problem put together have failed to solve it more completely than the following from a composition written by a little Apache girl in the Carlisle school: "Some day there will be no Indians. If they give up the Indian ways and confess themselves to God and walk in the right path they may have cities and farms and raise cattle. If they do not do it the white people will have all their lands and they will be driven away or killed."

A FIGHT broke out in the audience at the San Antonio (Texas) theatre. Manager Jack Harris appeared on the stage with a cocked revolver in each hand, and announced that he would begin firing in two minutes unless quiet was restored. The row ceased and the entertainment went on. The account mentioned that an anteroom of this theatre was devoted to gambling, the games being brisk between sets, and that the actresses serve drinks in the auditorium when not on the stage.

JEFFERSON DAVIS has withdrawn his acceptance of the invitation to lecture in Atlanta, Ga., for the benefit of the Young Men's Literary association, pleading feeble health and the weight of many years which render him unequal to the task and leave him but little hope that time will render him more competent for it. He adds: "Your city has many associations which will ever keep it green in my memory if it should not be permitted to us, to again revisit it."

Poetry.

Do as Near Right as You Can.

h world stretches widely before you,
A field for your muscle and brain;
And though clouds may often float over you
And often comes tempest and rain,
Be fearless of storms that threaten you—
Push forward through all like a man—
Good fortune will never forsake you
If you do as near right as you can.

Remember, the will to do rightly
If used, will the evil confound;
Live daily by conscience, that nightly
Your sleep may be peaceful and sound.
In contests of right never waver—
Let honesty shape every plan,
And life will of Paradise savor,
If you do as near right as you can.

Though foe's darkest scandal may speed
And strive with their shrewdest of tact,
To injure your fame never heed,
But justly and honestly act;
And ask of the Ruler of Heaven
To save your fair name as a man,
And all that you ask will be given,
If you do as near right as you can.

JEWESS.

My dark-browed daughter of the sun,
Dear Bedouin of the desert sands,
O daughter of the ravished lands,
Of Savage Sinai, Babylon—
O Egypt-eyed, thou art to me
A God-encompassed mystery!

I see sad Hagar in thine eyes,
The obelisk, the pyramid,
Lie hidden beneath thy drooping lids.
The lawny Nile of Mooses lies
Portaged in thy strange people's force
And solemn mystery of source.

The black abundance of thy hair
Falls like some twilight sad of June
Above the dying afterglow,
And mourns the people's mute despair.
The large solemnity of night,
O Israel, is in thy sight!

Then come where stars of freedom spill
Their splendor, Jewess. In this land,
The same broad hollow of God's hand
That held you ever, outcasts still,
And whether you be right or nay,
This God's, not Russia's, here to stay.

—Joaquin Miller.

"Love meal little, love me long,"
Sang the dusty miller
To his wheat art, and his song
Did a maize and thrill her.

"Did me barely love; Oh, give
Me one grain of comfort;
I would eat on thee and live
Holding on to some sort."

"In your eyes now love looks shine,
There lies cereal pleasure,
Oh! homely joys are mine,
Filling up my measure."

Came the maiden's corn-fall laugh
At the miller's fawning;
"You can't winnow girl with chaff—
Siz! to you good morning."

—As the lovely June night advances,
Oh, the calm of the starlit skies!
Her bright eyes flash at me shy glances,
Oh! the light in those blue-gray eyes!

A winsome maiden is sweetly singing
A dreamy song in a minor key,
Her clear low voice and its tones are bringing
A mingled melody back to me.

Waiting here this clear calm weather,
Oh, how sweet is the maiden's song!
Love me, love, when we come together,
For we cannot stay here long.

—Together they sat in the parlor alone,
At the dusk of a Sabbath day,
Her shapely head close to his own,
In a tender, loving way.

"I like to lay my head, dear Will,
'Gainst yours," she murmured low,
In tones which made his pulses thrill,
And his face with rapture glow.

"And is it because you love me, dove?"
He asked; and then she coughed.
"No, dear Will, not that, but love,
Because it's nice and soft!" The Judge.

Our Story Teller.

Love on a Farm.

"Are you my Aunt Dorcas?"
Mrs. Torrance had been entertain-
ing a quilting bee that afternoon,
and she had just got the frame out
of the way, the dishes washed up,
and the apartment generally "tid-
ed," when there came a meek tap
at the door, and there in the yellow
April twilight stood a small figure in
a gray traveling dress, and holding
a bag.

"Snakes alive!" said Mrs. Torrance
"who be you?"
"I am Emily," said the girl.
"Please let me in, for I am tired and
cold, I've walked all the way from
the station, and I've had nothing to
eat since noon."

"Well, I never!" said Mrs. Torrance.
"You're the city school
ma'am, ain't you, as went out to
live with Cousin Shadrach? And
he's dead, and the money has gone
to the Baptist widow and orphans
fund? You didn't make much by
that move, did you? And you've
come to us now, though we wasn't
at all enough for you before. Well,
come in, come in!"

And Mrs. Torrance, who was
essentially a kind-hearted woman,
albeit she could not repress the
sneer that rose to her lips, moved
the low rocker to the fire and flung
another log on the andirons.

Cousin Shadrach had been the
family apple of discord ever since
they could remember. He was rich,
he was eccentric, he was crabbed.
He had shut the door in the face of
all his relations, until, towards the
last, sick and feeble, he had signified
his desire that Emily Alden should
come and take care of him. And
Emily had gone.

There had been a spice of jealousy
in the family as regarded Emily,
for a long time. Emily had been
looked upon as "proud" and "stuck
up," because, instead of entering a
factory, or learning the dressmaker's
trade, she had elected to be a
teacher. She never visited Job
Torrance's family until now—now
that Cousin Shadrach had willed his
money to the Baptist widows and
orphans—her own mother was dead,
and her step-father, a pompous old
wholesale grocer, objected to step-
children, so that there seemed to be
no other haven of refuge left to her.

We could not blame Mrs. Torrance
for a momentary feeling of triumph,
when Emily Alden came thus to her
doorstone in the twilight
of that April day.

But she helped her off with her
things made a cup of tea for her, and
finally escorted her to a little room

under the roof-tree, where the floor
was covered by a home-made rag
carpet, and the bed decorated with a
rainbow "Job's troubles" quilt, and
you could look out of the window
into a greenish meadow, where a
whip-poor-will planted its melan-
choly refrain.

"I hope you'll sleep well," said
Mrs. Torrance. "We eat breakfast
at five."

And then she went away.
Early as was the breakfast hour,
Emily was awake at least an hour
before it—as if the tumultuous glee
of the robins and blue birds in the
old orchard would permit anyone to
sleep. And as she lay with her
cheek against her pillow, watching
the rosy dawn light creep up the
wall, she heard the sound of voices
in the meadow below her casement.

"What is she like, mother?" said
Job, Jr., who was milking.
"Oh, she looks well enough," Mrs.
Torrance carelessly responded. "Lit-
tle and dark, with big shady eyes,
and a real Torrance mouth. Doesn't
talk a great deal, and is dressed
shabby, as one might expect."

"Poor thing," said Job, pityingly.
"Well," said Mrs. Torrance, sharp-
ly, "I can't say but what I think she
deserves all she's got. Them Aldens
always were as proud as Lucifer."

"You'll keep her, mother, of
course?"
"I suppose so," said Mrs. Torrance.
"I don't suppose she's got any-
where else to go."

"There was no more delicious
dozing for Emily now. She rose
hurriedly, dressed herself and came
down stairs.

"Aunt Dorcas," she said, as she
encountered that lady frying ham
and eggs over the kitchen fire,
"what is there in this neighborhood
for a woman to do?"

"Eh?" said Mrs. Torrance in sur-
prise.
"To earn my living, I mean!" ex-
plained Emily. "Is the district
school supplied with a teacher?"

Mrs. Torrance nodded as she
placed the slices of frizzling ham on
a blue-edged plate and arranged the
eggs in golden spheres above.
"Is there a factory hereabouts?"

pursued Emily.
"Used to be," said Mrs. Torrance.
"But they failed, and it has been
shut down for ten months."

"Do you know of any one who
wants a girl," asked the city cousin.
Mrs. Torrance set the coffee pot
on the table, blew the horn for Job,
and then responded to her niece's
query by a counter question.

"Why don't you stay here?"
"Because," said Emily, with spirit,
"I want to earn my own living."
"Well, you can earn it here, can't
you? I was calculating to hire a
girl this spring. And if you'll work
honestly for it, I'll give you the six
dollars a month I was going to pay
hired help."

Emily's face brightened.
"I should like that," said she.
And then Job came in, tall, hand-
some and flushed, his curls still wet
from the spring into which he had
dipped them, and a sprig of trailing
arbutus pinned into his coat, and
spoke a frank welcome to the young
girl whom he had never before seen.

"So Cousin Shadrach Seely is dead
he said."
"Yes," said Emily, quietly.
"Did you like him?"
"No," confessed the girl. "He
was cross and surly, and had no
sympathy with anybody. But I
tried to be kind to him. And he
kissed me once before he died, and
said I had been a good girl."

"And then he went and left his
money to the refuge for Baptist
widows and orphans!" said Mrs.
Torrance. That's Cousin Shadrach
all over."

"He had a right to do as he pleased
with his money," said Emily, a
faint glow rising to her cheeks.
"Well, it's all over and gone,"
said Mrs. Torrance. "There is no
use talking about it now."

And she sighed softly to think
how many of life's hard angles
might have been avoided in the
future, if only Cousin Shadrach had
been less interested in the Baptist
widows and orphans.

At the end of a month, Mrs. Torrance
was forced to acknowledge
that Emily had well earned her six
dollars a month and board. The
girl certainly had about her that
wonderful magnetic power which
philosophers dub "executive ability,"
and New England housekeepers call
"faculty." She was a natural cook
—she did things without seeming to
take any trouble at all.

"I don't understand it," said Mrs.
Torrance. "A little dark slim thing
that was always brought up to sit
with her hands folded."

And one day in July when Job
and Emily came in from strawberry-
ing, with crimsoned fingers, laugh-
ing faces, and baskets heaped high
with the fragrant fruit, Mrs. Torrance
started in the solitude of the dairy,
where she was making "cottage
cheese."

"I declare," she cried, "I wonder
I never thought of that before. Oh,
dear! Oh, dear! never can consent
to do it in the living world."

Job came to her that evening.
"Mother," said he, "Emily has
promised to be my wife."

Mrs. Torrance burst into tears.
"You're only six-and-twenty years
old, Job," she faltered.
"Just two years older than when
my father married you, mother.
Now don't turn your face away; but
tell me plainly—have you any fault
to find with my choice?"

"No—no," confessed Mrs. Torrance.
"Do you think I could win a
sweeter girl than Emily Alden?"
"No, I don't suppose you could,
answered the mother-in-law elect;
but it's natural, Job, to feel jealous

when you see some one else taking
the first place in your child's heart."
But when Job brought Emily in
to receive her kiss of greeting Mrs.
Torrance had sufficiently conquered
herself to bid her new daughter wel-
come.

"Though I s'posed Emily," said
she, a little bitterly, "you looked
higher than a farmer once."
"I never looked higher than one
of nature's noblemen," said Emily
with a smile that fairly won the old
lady's heart.

That same evening as they all sat
together in the orange twilight, with
the scent of tall white lilies in the
air, Emily suddenly broke the si-
lence.

"Job," said she, "would you like
to be rich?"
"Well, yes," said Job. "I'd like
money enough to keep my wife in
luxury."

"Would you, Aunt Dorcas?" said
Emily, turning to Mrs. Torrance.
"Of course I should," said the mat-
ron vigorously plying her knitting
needles; but I don't ever ex-
pect it."

"But you are rich," said Emily,
with a little tremor in her voice.
"Job is rich—we are all rich togeth-
er, with Cousin Shadrach Seely's
money."

"But," cried Mrs. Torrance, "I
thought he left it all to the Baptist
widows and orphans."

"Not at all," said Emily. "It's a
secret, but I may tell you now. Half
was left to the refuge—the other thirty
thousand is mine, to be paid over
to me on the day on which I marry
a man who, ignorant of
Cousin Shadrach's bequest, has
loved me loyally and well. It was
the old man's whim, and I have re-
spected it. Oh, Aunt Dorcas, I came
to you because in my loneliness and
bewilderment I knew not where else
to go—but I little dreamed that I
was entering directly into the king-
dom of a noble heart."

It was true. Shadrach Seely, ec-
centric in life, had been equally ec-
centric in death—and when Mr.
Mustybill, the lawyer, paid over the
legacy, he said, chuckling:

"It's all right. It's exactly as my
poor client would have it! I con-
gratulate you, Mrs. Job Torrance."

And Mrs. Torrance, the elder, had
a higher opinion than ever of her
daughter-in-law's attractions, now
that they are set in a background of
gold.

The Matchless Liar of Chicago.

"You do not doubt me, Myrtle?"
"Never!" exclaimed the girl, put-
ting on her invisible net as she spoke
and placing her hand on the table
where she would be sure to see it in
the morning.

The sun had glared down fiercely
all day upon the parched earth, and
now that night had come the heat
was even more oppressive than ever,
because the cool wind that had been
waited from the lake during the day
had died away. It was a sweet, sen-
suous, one-gauze-under-shirt-and-
no-vest evening such as one often notices
while traveling in Palestine.

"You have great faith in me,
have you not, little one?" Vivian
McCarthy said taking the girl's off
hand in his.

"Yes," replied Myrtle, "I believe
in you with a child-like faith akin to
that which enables a boy to bite a
pie in the dark, and I love you with
a deep tenderness and fair loyalty
that can never die."

"And would you believe anything
I told you?" Vivian murmured, kiss-
ing the dimpled hand that lay in his
arms. Looking at him with her starry
eyes, in which there gleamed a holy
love light, the girl replied, slowly,
and with finite pathos: "I would be-
lieve you every word, no matter
what you told me."

"Then," said Vivian, while a baleful
light shot from his near eye,
"there is no ice cream in Chicago."
For an instant, dazed by the shock,
Myrtle did not speak. But present-
ly the voice of her heart found echo
in words.

"I can never leave you now," she
whispered, "There cannot be another
such liar in all the wide, wide
world."

Sly Old Horse.

Anent "The Blues," I have heard
a charming story, illustrative of the
wonderful intelligence of some hor-
ses. One evening the officer on
guard hearing a noise in the stables,
concluded that a horse must have
got loose. He therefore went with
a corporal of the guard, and looked
through the key-hole, saw an old
troop horse lifting up the lid of the
corn-bin and munching away at the
oats. The officer rattled the door
by mistake. The old charger instan-
tly cocked his ears, stole back to his
stall, artfully slipped his head back
into the halter, and awaited events
as if nothing had happened. Seeing
this, the officer and corporal,
pretending to be deceived after look-
ing around the stables, went out
again. So soon, however, as the
horse heard the lock turned upon
them, he slipped his halter and at-
tacked the corn-bin again. After
this, the crafty old warrior was
firmly secured.

Judge Barnard once said to a bar-
rister, upon his asking him, in the
midst of a boring harangue: "Is it
the pleasure of the court that I
should proceed with my statement?"
"Pleasure, Mr.—, has been out of the
question for some time, but you may
proceed."

It is terribly discouraging to an
editor to see his wife pass carelessly
over the brightest paragraphs, and
settle down with solid comfort on
the obituary column.

Myrtle Dear.

"Which editor do I want to see?"
asked a young man who was smoking
a cigarette, and wore a hat about the
size and shape of a table-spoon, as he
opened the door of the editorial
rooms yesterday afternoon, and gazed
about him in an enquiring way.

"Well," said the trotting horse re-
porter, ceasing for an instant his
labors in connection with a sketch on
the life and career of Passaic, "you
look as if you really ought to see the
editor of the club, but probably I am
mistaken. As a general friend of
humanity, however, I would advise
you to shoot the torch."

"Do what, sir?" inquired the young
man.
"Shoot the torch—put out that dizz-
y little street-pipe."

"Do you mean this cigarette?" asked
the visitor.
"That's it," was the reply. "You
just drop that thing or else sherry
yourself round the corner. We get
enough cigarette smoke from young
dicks that come around here Satur-
day with society items."

The young man threw away the
cigarette. "I wanted to know," he
said, "who it would be proper for me
to see in regard to a poem?"
"Oh, it would be proper enough for
you to see anybody!" replied the bi-
ographer of Passaic. "There is noth-
ing inherently improper about a poem,
except the fact of its having been
written. I suppose your verses are
something about 'The spring is com-
ing, Myrtle dear, O, meet me by the
creek, or something like that—some-
thing slushy and sloppy, that jibes in
naturally with wet weather and mudd-
y roads?"

"Well, not exactly," said the poet.
"But perhaps I might read it to you?"
"Perhaps you might if I were chain-
ed to a post and couldn't get away,
but not otherwise. I am too sweetly
fly, to wickerly on to your racket to
allow myself to be played for a China-
man. You will have to hunt up
somebody with a more Macnuphu-
county look in his clear, blue eye if
you want that poem listened to. I
am sorry, my winsome chump, but
you are bowling on the wrong alley!"
—and the life of Passaic was again
resumed.

"I wish you would let me read this
poem to you," said the child of genius
in the doorway. "There is only one
stanza."

"Well, cut her loose," was the re-
ply.
The poet produced a sheet of paper
and reads as follows:

Meet me in the glen, dear
Where the moonbeams bright,
On the nodding daisies
Cast their silvery light.
Pick for us a flower—
Twine it in your hair—
I shall know you love me
If I see it there.

"How do you like it?" asked the
poet as he finished reading.
"Oh! it's good enough, I suppose,"
was the reply, "but we've got too
much daisy and glen poetry on hand
now. And then all that kind of
verse is only a sort of literary brain-
mash after all. Now, no young man
with a head as big as a pin would go
around asking girls to meet him in a
glen when the moon is up. That's
no way to act if you really want to
lasso the affections of an innocent
maiden, because when a girl has
eaten a good, square supper she does
not feel like tramping around a glen
and picking flowers to stick in her
hair. Any such scheme as that would
rumple up her bangs too much, and
like as not tear her invisible net.

And then there ain't any glens
around Chicago—glens flourish best
in the country where the cows go to
sleep on the sidewalk, so you can fall
over them when you come home late.
Now, I suppose this poem of yours
was intended for the eye of some par-
ticular lady, some Cook county Juliet
whose papa keeps a soulless dog that
declines to share the front yard with
you. Isn't that about the size of it?"
and the horse reporter winked vigor-
ously at the poet.

"Well, yes; that is, I—"
"Oh! I know all about it," inter-
rupted St. Julien's friend. "You are
a little bashful about it—a kind of
Eighteenth ward maidenly reserve.
Well, that's a credit to you. I would
give \$7 if I could blush like that; but
you are on the wrong track. Quit
writing to this girl about glens and
moonlight roses. If you must express
your sentiments in verse whoop her
up a chanson in a style she can un-
derstand—something like this for in-
stance:

Meet me on the corner
Where they sell ice cream,
Life shall be for you, love,
Like a blissful dream.
Cling to me, my darling,
As vine hugs the oak,
And when you're done eating,
I shall be dead broke.

"Now that ought to land her," said
the horse reporter, "because as a rule
girls are very partial to pathos and
ice-cream—you can bet on that."

"Can I?" said the poet. "Well,
I'll try your plan, sir."

"That's the daisy racket to catch a
girl," said the horse reporter in
cherry tones. "Love and shady
glens are all right, but when it comes
down to business I want a pool on
the young man that buys ice-cream."

Historical: Just after the destruc-
tion of the walls of Jericho a man ex-
ploring the captured city found a citi-
zen amid the ruins of a house that
had been almost entirely demolished.
He was quietly reading his morning
paper. Astonished at his serenity,
one of the victor host asked him if he
had heard the news. "What news?"
asked the man; and then they went
on to tell him, "but didn't you hear
the trumpets?" they asked. "And
didn't you hear the noise of the fall-
ing walls?" "Yes," he replied, "but,
gentlemen, you must remember that
I have a fourteen-year-old boy. The
trumpets I mistook for his whistle,
and if you had ever heard him play-
ing about the house you would not
expect me to mind such a little mat-
ter as the city walls or the walls of
my own dwelling coming down."

The day of the crank passeth
away. He has had his turn.

Not Appreciated.

As little Mrs. Blifkins was getting
supper the other night she was start-
led by the abrupt and unexpected
entrance of her neighbor over the
way, Mrs. Parrot, who was evidently
charged with ill news.

"How long since you've seen Mr.
Blifkins?" she asked, breathlessly.
Little Mrs. Blifkins dropped the tea
pot she was just about to fill, and
screamed convulsively and loudly.

"Be composed," ejaculated Mrs.
Parrot, taking off her hat and fan-
ning her heated face with it. "Try
and bear up; it's dreadful, but other
women have suffered and lived. I
may as well tell it and not keep you
in suspense. Mr. Blifkins is dead—"

"Oh-oh-oh-oh, gracious mercy!"
shrieked Mrs. Blifkins, throwing
herself into Miss Parrot's arms.
"What have I done to deserve this,
and it was his birthday too, poor
dear David; you can't mean it, and
we are so happy."

"Yes, I do mean it," said Miss
Parrot firmly. "It is a cruel truth. I
said, I'll go and tell his poor wife,
for she must know it sooner or later
he was found lying dead—"

"Oh-oh-oh-oh," sobbed the little
wife, "and I had such a nice supper
all ready for him, too! O, it's dread-
ful and I can't believe it, I won't be-
lieve it. Who saw him, poor dear
David?"

"I saw him," said Miss Parrot,
with a grimace of disgust. "We
all saw him! He wasn't the only
one, either; there were a dozen of
em and they were all hopelessly
dead drunk."

Then little Mrs. Blifkins turned
on Miss Parrot like a small fury,
"You're a nasty, prying old maid!"
she said vindictively, "and I'd thank
you to go home and attend to your
own affairs. My David, indeed! It's
a pity a man can't keep his own
birthday to suit himself, but prying
folks must make such a fuss about
it, coming here to frighten me out
of my senses and spoil my supper!"

And Miss Parrot heard the door
slam as she skimmed through it on
her way out to inform the neigh-
borhood.—Detroit Post and Tribune.

The Mule.

This is a Mule. He feels sick. Do
not pet a Mule because he feels sick,
for he may make you feel sick. The
Mule's Tail is short and slim. He
cannot brush off the Flies with his
Tail. His Ears are large and long.
He can brush Flies off his Tail with
his Ears. With his Ears he can fan
himself too. His fore Legs are quite
short. His hind Legs are exceed-
ingly long. Many nat-u-r-al-ists have
tried to measure the Length of a
Mule's hind Legs; but have only
succeeded in having their own Legs
measured. A wise man has said
"there are some Things in Nature
past finding out." This is one of
those Things. It is safer to play
with a Mule's Ears than with his
Tail. It is safer to play with a Can
of Nitro-glyc-er-ine than either.
Dear Child-eren, if your Pa-pas have
Lots of Money, do not let them buy
any Mules with hind legs on to
cele-brate the Fourth of July with,
for Mules with hind Legs on are apt
to go off suddenly, and remove Your
Sweet Young Soul from Life's pleas-
ant Scenes.

FREE estimates of our probable
increase by immigration this year
have usually made the figures in
the neighborhood of 1,000,000. This
has been latterly reduced to 900,000,
but the probabilities now point to at
least 100,000 less for the year end-
ing June 30, 1882. What the calen-
dar year will bring forth is rather
elusive. The total arrivals for the
eleven months of the fiscal year end-
ing May 31, 1882, are 685,634, against
563,151 for the corresponding period
last year. The arrivals for the en-
tire fiscal year of 1881 were 669,431.
The calendar year 1881 gave us 729,
000 foreign additions to our popula-
tion. The total from 1820, when the
record was first kept, up to May
31, 1882, is 11,493,823.

Dr. Jarvis Gay, a veterinary sur-
geon, was killed, in mistake for a
burglar in Norwood, Massachusetts,
on Saturday night, by George Ed-
munds. Dr. Gay stopped at Ed-
munds' house to inquire the way
home and rattled the door. He
was hailed by Edmunds, but being
very deaf, made no reply, and was
killed by a discharge from a shot-
gun.

The friends of a wit expressed
some surprise that with his age and
fondness for the bottle, he should
have thought it worth while to mar-
ry. "A wife was necessary," he
said. "They began to say of me
that I drank too much for a single
man."

Trite Sayings.

Patient waiting is often the high-
est way of doing God's will.
There are more fools than sages;
and among the sages there is more
folly than wisdom.

Great deeds need to be tested by
their spirit. There can be no saintly-
ness without humility.

We do love beauty at first sight,
and we cease to love it if it is not ac-
companied by amiable qualities.

Never does a man portray his
own character more vividly than in
his manner of portraying another's.

We judge ourselves by what we
feel capable of doing, while others
judge us by what we have already
done.

Goodness of heart is man's best
treasure, his highest honor, and
noblest acquisition. It is the ray of
his divinity which dignifies human-
ity.

Wit and Wisdom.

An advertiser says: "Hands want-
ed on calico waists." All right; if it
is a pretty figure here's one pair of
hands.

Man who has caught a boy steal-
ing—"Don't you

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....\$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00
No paper will be discontinued until arrears are paid, except at the option of the publisher.
Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 25 cents per line for each insertion.
Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.
Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, \$5.00 per annum.
All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin. this type)	\$ 5 00	\$ 8 00	\$ 12 00
Two inches.....	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches.....	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches.....	13 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column.....	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column.....	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column.....	35 00	55 00	125 00

To insure insertion, advertisements must be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, in our local columns or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.
All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.
Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Railroad News.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23.—President Gowen, of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad company, will make public the following to-morrow: The Philadelphia and Reading railroad company will receive applications for \$13,500,000 of the first series of the total issue of \$160,000,000 bonds for the conversion and the refunding of existing obligations into five per cent. consolidated mortgage bonds, the remainder of the first series, \$96,500,000, being retained to redeem the consolidated improvement, general and income mortgage bonds of the railroad company and the divisional coal land mortgages of the Philadelphia and Reading coal and iron company. When fully issued the first series will constitute a first charge on the property and revenue of the company, the annual interest being \$4,000,000.

According to the circular the net earnings, taking last year's figures as a basis, will show a surplus over interest on the first series over the conversion is made of \$6,051,888. Of the proceeds of the present issue of \$13,500,000, \$9,363,012 will be applied to the redemption of existing obligations, including the purchase of the first mortgage sterling bonds, general mortgage deferred coupons and receiver's certificates; and of the rest \$1,000,000 to the construction of thirty-one miles of railroad to connect the Reading coal lands with the New York Central railroad under traffic agreement between the two companies for a period of nine hundred years; \$1,538,868 for real estate and betterments and \$1,597,120 for new rolling stock and improvements at Williamsport, to provide for increased traffic requirements of the company and the New York Central connection. The annual saving to the company by the new mortgage is given as \$1,800,000. The circular concludes as follows: "A great increase of traffic may confidently be expected upon the completion as well of the connections now being constructed with the New York Central railroad system as those with the Baltimore and Ohio railroad and those leading westward to Pittsburgh."

The G. A. R. Festivities.

BALTIMORE, June 22.—At the session of the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic to-day the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Commander in chief, Paul Vandervoort, of Nebraska; senior vice commander in chief, William E. W. Ross, of Missouri; junior vice commander in chief, J. S. Bangs, of Maine. This afternoon the members of the Grand Army were taken down the river in charge of the city council and were handsomely entertained at Tivola. To-night there was a handsome display of fireworks at Federal hill, and the streets were brilliantly illuminated. The shipping in the harbor was covered with Chinese lanterns and red and blue lights.

Turbulent Strikers.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 22.—At a late hour this afternoon two hundred and twenty Italian laborers on the piece of track between New Baltimore and Cocksackie for the New York, West Shore and Buffalo railroad, struck for \$1.50 a day they were receiving (\$1.35), which Contractor Scully refused. Led by Frank Caven, an Italian boarding house boss, they engaged in riot, locked the non-strikers up in their shanties, put guards over them and attempted to throw an engine and twenty flat cars down a forty-foot embankment. Caven is said to be a desperate character. The sheriff has called out a company of militia.

Wages Increased.

NEW YORK, June 22.—The brakemen employed by the Hudson River railroad have given notice that they want their wages increased and it is probable that their demands will be complied with.

A Water Wonder.

CLEVELAND, June 23.—A remarkable tidal wave swept the lake front here at 6 o'clock this morning. From the best information now obtainable, the wave was about two miles wide and eleven feet higher than the surface of the lake. It came in the wake of a dense and angry looking black and gray cloud, which moved sullenly from the northward over the city. No wind and no rain at the lake shore, but a dash of rain fell in some parts of the city, and the wind blew fiercely south of the town. Vessels parted lines at the mouth of the river, piers and docks were submerged to the depth of four feet in some places, and hundreds of fish were cast ashore. The fire was put out in the Lake Erie rolling mill. On the beach west of the river is a scow loaded with sand lying at the break-water landed high and dry on the shore. The short stretch of railway near the Union depot was ripped up and numerous switch shanties and small buildings were overturned or moved about. A tramp sleeping on top of the sewer where it empties into the lake, was drowned. One man standing at the bank, was thrown down and was washed against the wall of the Union depot.

Another sitting on a switch was buried under the ruins. Timber heads were torn out of two scows in the river, iron rails twenty-eight feet long piled near the depot were lifted and scattered in confusion and huge logs washed ashore. The life saving stations were badly wrecked and various other damage done. The wave lasted about a minute. Several parties were fishing in the water and a violent commotion like a whirlpool. The skiffs weathered the singular storm without accident. The damage to property along the shore is roughly estimated at thirty thousand dollars. Steam boatmen who came in this morning report a square, short and sudden movement of the water off this port, of which no particular notice was taken at the time.

Adjournment.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—A number of leading Republicans, among whom were Representatives Robeson, Hisscock, Butterworth, Burrows, (Michigan) McKinley and Robinson (Massachusetts), held a conference to-day to consider the question of adjournment sine die. It was decided that the business of the house could be disposed of by the 10th of July and that the house could be ready to adjourn on that day if it is fixed upon, provided the senate gets through with its work. It was the sentiment of the conference that there would be no necessity for congress to remain in session beyond the 15th proximo at the latest.

The Situation at Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 23.—There is nothing new in the iron situation. Both sides express their intention of holding out. In regard to the action of the moulders in resolving to do no work for Witherson & Gordon, of New Castle, Pa., several proprietors say they will take no more contracts from that firm, as they have no desire to enter into a struggle with the workmen. The non-union mills are running smoothly and without disturbance from the strikers. In mining matters nothing new has developed within the last forty-eight hours.

The Chinaman.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—At a cabinet meeting to-day Secretary Folger reported that sixty thousand Chinese laborers now under contract in Cuba and desirous of returning to China have applied for passports to transit. The question was generally discussed and the conclusion reached that under the provisions of the recent Chinese bill the permission could not be granted. It was represented that the Chinese were under great hardships and unless allowed transit through the United States would be obliged to go home by way of England.

An Appeal for Aid.

MALCOLM, Iowa, June 22.—I have returned from Northwestern Iowa, and find this town in ruins, one-fourth of the population homeless and destitute. Every business man has suffered severe losses, and many business houses have been destroyed. None here are able to assist. The church and public hall were destroyed. We are obliged to hold funerals in the streets. Aid will be thankfully received. Send contributions to W. E. Gould, cashier of Malcolm bank. J. H. DUFFUS, Mayor.

A Shocking Tragedy.

CHICAGO, June 22.—A special from Danville, Illinois, says: "Allie Mills, aged 14; Mary Ogile, aged 17, and Mary Jones, aged 12, committed suicide this morning by taking arsenic. Allie Mills gave as her reason that her father lived with a shameless woman. Miss Ogile's reason was that she was an orphan, and Mary Jones took the drug because the others did."

Wages.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 23.—The Pennsylvania coal company has given its employees ten per cent. of a raise, to go into effect on July 1.

SCRANTON, Pa., June 23.—On July 1 the miners in this section will be advanced ten per cent. and will be given full time until the end of the year.

A Murderer's Fight.

LAREDO, Texas, June 25.—There was a desperate encounter Friday between Brown, the murderer of Deputy Sheriff Johnson, and a few rangers at a station on the International and Great Northern railway called Cibola. Brown was killed and two men were wounded, one dangerously.

A Cabinet Decision.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The result of the special meeting of the cabinet last evening in considering the case of Guitau was made known officially this morning by a statement from the attorney general that the plea for a respite had been refused. This conclusion was reached last evening, but was purposely withheld from the public in order that it might first be made known to the prisoner. The attorney general, to whom all the appeals and petitions presented to the president bearing on this case had been referred, submitted an elaborate report to the cabinet last evening, reviewing all the points presented in favor of a respite, and recommending that it be not granted on the ground that the sanity of the prisoner had been fully established at the trial. The report was generally discussed and unanimously approved by the cabinet, all the members of which were present. An understanding was reached that nothing should be disclosed as to the decision of the cabinet until after it should be disclosed to the prisoner. This was the reason why all applications to the members of the cabinet et last evening failed to elicit any definite information on that subject.

Rev. Mr. Hicks called upon the president and the attorney general last evening to learn the result of the meeting, but was informed that nothing could be divulged on the subject till this morning. Similar efforts on the part of Mr. Reed, Guitau's counsel, were also fruitless. Rev. Mr. Hicks called upon the attorney general this morning by appointment and was informed that the cabinet had decided not to interfere with the execution of Guitau's sentence. Mr. Hicks thereupon drove to the district jail and informed Guitau of the decision.

The Jersey City Strike.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., June 25.—The situation caused by the strike of the long shoremen and freight handlers remains unchanged. The strikers are orderly and well behaved. The night switchmen and breakmen in the Jersey City yards joined the strikers last night and demand the uniform restoration of the ten per cent. taken off their wages a few years ago. The men state that the ten per cent. was restored to a chosen few lucky enough to have relatives in power, while the great majority have been sent off with delusive promises. The abolition of all Sunday work is spoken of as the next thing that may be demanded.

NEW YORK, June 25.—In his sermon to-day, Rev. Henry Ward Beecher endorsed the freight handlers strike as justifiable, and said that the knights of labor workingman's union were popular educators and education of common people was to be approved. He did not always approve of strikes. The cheapening of things was a grand work of capital but capital should not cheapen men. Referring to the effect of combined capital on legislation he said to reverence the law one must not see it made, and the men in the city who erected palaces from which to throw missiles of unhappiness should know that they were in danger.

Inciting to Riot.

WILLIAMSPORT, June 24.—Two Italians, named Antonio Flavell and John Gavio, interpreters for the Italian laborers employed on the Jersey Shore and Pine Creek railroad, were arrested and lodged in jail last evening on the charge of conspiracy and inciting to riot. This afternoon they were brought before Judge Cummin on a writ of habeas corpus, when after a partial hearing and some good advice from the judge, they were recommitted for a further hearing on Monday. It appears that they were in the habit of charging their countrymen two cents royalty on every loaf of bread consumed by them and a small sum for their lodging per night in a shanty put up by Malone Brothers, the contractors. By these charges they manage to get nearly all the earnings of the laborers, and when they complained these interpreters urged them to strike. While before the court to-day they were given to understand that they had come to the wrong country to play the riot dodge. They will probably be set at liberty on Monday if they consent to leave the country and not return. If they return they will be lodged in jail at once.

Join the Strikers.

JERSEY CITY, June 26.—This morning about 200 trackmen, employed by the New York, Lake Erie and Western railroad, joined the strikers. They have been receiving \$1.10 per day and they demand \$2.50. The switchmen and breakmen employed by the Erie railway company in the yards on the east and west side of the Bergen tunnel joined the strikers.

The Houtzdale Miners.

CLEARFIELD, Pa. June 26.—The situation at Houtzdale remains unchanged. Bills are being posted to-night calling a meeting to-morrow to determine whether the strikers or non strikers who are in majority shall rule. The general impression is that the trouble will be of short duration. At present all is quiet.

A Cave-in Expected.

WILKESBARRE, Pa. June 26.—The miners in the Conyngham slope of the Delaware and Hudson company's mines near here stopped work to-day. Eight chambers in the west gash are expected to cave in and no one is permitted to enter the mine to-night.

The Unterrified.

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 26.—Only two of the candidates whose names will be before the democratic state convention on Wednesday are here, ex Congressman Hopkins, of Pittsburgh, and Senator Nelson, of Wayne. But there are others whose interests are being zealously looked after, notably Controller Patterson, of Philadelphia, whose campaign is in the hands of Senators Kennedy and Gordon. John M. Campbell, of Philadelphia, is on hand working up the chances of Judge Ludlow, of Philadelphia, for the supreme judgeship. There are comparatively few delegates here yet.

The outlook so far as the work of the convention is concerned, is a confused one. Everything depends upon the nomination for governor, and on that point all is uncertain. Mr. Hopkins and Mr. Patterson have the field to themselves virtually at present. The Hopkins people profess to be confident of their favorite's success, while Senators Gordon and Kennedy are alike confident that Patterson will head the ticket. The previous declarations about the determination of Senator Cox, of Luzerne county, not to be a candidate were withdrawn to-day by delegates who claim to speak authoritatively for him, and who now say that if the convention regards him as the man for the emergency he will accept.

Among the most prominent third names mentioned for the place, exclusive of Senator Eckly B. Cox, are those of Senators Nelson, of Wayne, and Hall, of Elk. For lieutenant governor the choice lies between George A. Irwin, of Dauphin, and Chancey Black, of York; unless the gubernatorial nomination should alter the situation. For judge of the supreme court, the only two candidates are Judge Ludlow, of Philadelphia, and McDermott, of Allegheny. It is said Judge Bechtel, of Schuylkill, may be also entered for this contest. J. Simpson Africa has the field to himself for the secretaryship of internal affairs and Colonel Dick Coulter, of Westmoreland, and Mortimer F. Elkins, of Tioga, are likely to measure strength for the nomination of congressman-at-large, with Colonel Guthrie and Major Lyon, of Pittsburgh, in the wake. Among the probabilities are one that W. U. Hensel, of Lancaster, will be chosen in this place on the ticket if a compromise man is required.

Telegraphic Briefs.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 23.—The revenue cutter, Corwin, arrived here to-day with the Rodgers' crew.

NEW HAVEN, Ct., June 22.—In the Malley trial to-day the defense rested its case and the State began taking testimony in rebuttal.

LONDON, June 22.—The Beauford handicap at Stockbridge was won by an American horse—Golden Gate; Windsor, second; Transition, third.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The visiting posts from Boston and Philadelphia were received by the president at the executive mansion this morning.

DENVER, Col., June 23.—G. N. Woods, who shot and killed M. G. Buchanan on the 12th of May, was hanged by the sheriff at Durango this morning.

PITTSBURGH, June 22.—The reported strike in Everson, Macrum & Co's iron works at Scottdale is denied. Nothing of importance in the labor situation was developed to-day.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., June 23.—Harry Lloy Titus, a young man, was drowned in the Susquehanna river this afternoon while bathing. His body has not been recovered.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Fifteen hundred men in the employ of the Juliet iron and steel rolling mills are out of work by the shutting down of the mills on account of dull times.

ST. CLAIRSVILLE, Ohio, June 23.—The republican congressional convention of the Seventeenth district, after taking three hundred and seventy-six ballots without a result, adjourned to-day sine die.

BOSTON, June 2.—In the case of Fitzgerald, who 30ped in Charles Francis Adams at a banco game, Chief Justice Brigham to-day denied a new trial and sentenced Fitzgerald to five years in the state prison.

DENVER, Col., June 23.—A special from Ft. Stanton says: "The Mesquero Indians have broken out. The Indian police killed some prisoners who tried to escape from Fort Union. Montezella, the war chief, is on the agent's side and is fighting the Indians. The agent was fired on and wounded twice. Troops will go to the spot immediately."

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The papers in the Guitau case submitted to the president by the delegation to-day will be referred to the attorney general for report. All other papers heretofore received by the president in the Guitau case have been similarly referred to the attorney general.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—It is stated at the war department that General Sherman contemplates bringing to trial before a general court martial, three or four army officers, who have been applying for military details through members of congress instead of through their common superior.

CHICAGO, June 22.—Reports from the northwest continue favorable to the fine wheat crop. From portions of Iowa and Nebraska the corn is reported to be in a most encouraging condition, but in some sections of those states and elsewhere in the Northwest the growth is backward and the outlook less promising.

—The amount of patronage already attracted by Harry Teats & Co. is remarkable.

Robbed of his Fortune.

MT. CARMEL, June 25.—A bold and successful robbery was perpetrated on Friday at the Washington house, this place. Daniel McCauley, a boarder at the hotel, by his industry and sobriety managed to save \$2,000 of his earnings, which he had in his trunk in his bed room. He decided upon purchasing the Washington house, to go into business for himself. He also received from Philadelphia a large sum of money this week, making a total of \$3,000 or \$3,500, all of which he had in his trunk. He discovered on Friday last that the latch on his bed room door was unscrewed and upon entering the room he was horrified to find the trunk and contents taken. Suspicion rested on a boarder named Edward McGinley, Jr., for whom a warrant was issued. After a hearing McGinley was held in \$1,000 bail. He denies any knowledge of the affair, and a search of his room failed to throw any light on the case.

Troubles in Jersey City.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., June 26.—The striking freight handlers met again this afternoon. One of the men said a number of men working for the Erie company at the Grove street freight depot were anxious to have a delegation of strikers wait upon them and ask them to quit work. He said they would be glad to leave the building. About two hundred then left the meeting and went in a body to the freight yard. There they were met by a large body of police, who ordered them from the premises. It looked like trouble, but the strikers finally left, vowing vengeance on the specials, and returned to the meeting without having enticed any one from work. After returning to the hall a stormy scene ensued. A number of strikers proposed to go down and clean out the entire police force, but better judgment prevailed.

A Costly Blaze.

LAWRENCE, Mass., June 23.—The store house of the Pacific mills was burned to-night. The loss on the building and stock exceeds \$1,000,000, which is fully covered by insurance in Boston offices. The building was of brick, 30x50 feet, and three stories high. In it were stored dyes and chemicals, partly manufactured fabrics, etc., and 300,000 pounds of wool.

3,000 Troublesome Indians.

FORT McKINNEY, Wyo., June 26.—A reliable stock grower says there are about three thousand Indians between the Tongue and Powder rivers. They are killing cattle and trouble is apprehended.

STATE NOTES.

A quince tree in Pottstown has already bloomed three times this year.

At Waterson, Chester county, a few evenings ago, lightning struck a guinea hen, splitting her down the back.

Andrew Ruddy, an old minor, died Monday, in Wilkesbarre, from the injuries received on Saturday by jumping from a train.

At a meeting of striking workmen held in Pittsburgh, it was resolved to hold a convention and nominate independent labor candidates for congress.

Barney and John Kepler, twin brothers, aged 91 years, reside together in Plum township, Bucks county. They are old bachelors and are in reasonable good health.

The cinder bank at the mill of the Standard iron company at Norris-town has been on fire for several days, and the large quantities of offensive gas which is given off is a serious annoyance to the employees. Efforts are being made to quench the flames, but so far have proven ineffectual.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—We would not have anybody in Bellefonte labor under unjust suspicion and we write this to disabuse the minds of all persons—especially the fair ladies—the impression that any of the young gentlemen who managed the festival of the Y. M. C. A. furnished us with the item that the Episcopal table took in the most money. That news was given us by the ladies who presided at the table and between them and ourselves all the responsibility lies. Now our fair lady friends who graced the other tables know exactly what parties deserve punishment if the item was not true and we will be prepared for its visitation. Meanwhile, please do not attribute it to the aforesaid gentlemen, as they are entirely guiltless in the matter.

—The Watchman is wonderfully concerned about the State Democratic Convention, to meet to-day. If there was as much honesty and beautiful simplicity in that party as its Bellefonte advocate represents, there would be no occasion for such exhibitions of concern.

Six years of constant and most excruciating pain from terrible sores all over my body, pronounced cancer and incurable by all except Dr. Hartman. After I was reduced to the faintest ebb of existence Peruna saved my life and cured me. I am entirely well and doing my house work. I had paid the best and worst physicians over \$1,000. Mrs. Milo Ingram, Allegheny City, Pa.

—Butter is becoming soft.

—The glorious Fourth is drawing near.

—The young and talented physician and surgeon, Dr. Hoy, is kept very busy.

—The freshest and best lot of groceries always on sale at Harry Teats & Co's store.

—Charley Ward, of Altoona, brother of Monte Ward, also indulges in the great National game.

—Green is one of the popular colors this season and the sales of Paris Green are unprecedented.

—There is no such thing as disputing the fact that Harry Green's cigars are of very excellent quality.

—A penny saved is a penny earned," and many pennies may be saved by buying groceries of Sechler.

—It is not necessary to "make both ends meet." It will be sufficient to make one end meat if you purchase it at Sechler's meat market.

—It is said that ducks allowed to roam at will in a potato patch will destroy all the potato bugs. The experiment is worth trying.

—The storm of Friday evening proved to be quite severe in some portions of the county, blowing over young trees and leveling vegetation generally.

—There will be no demonstration in Bellefonte on the Fourth, save the explosion of fire crackers by the "small boy," and a few pyrotechnic displays by private parties.

—We are informed that a severe hail storm raged at Snow Shoe about 9 o'clock Monday night when at this place no evidences of rain were visible. But then Snow Shoe is elevated so high that the inhabitants can reach out and catch any passing cloud and get the benefit of the moisture it contains.

—Among the most important industries in the vicinity of Milesburg is the box factory of McClain & Hamilton. It is located near Essington's axe factory and a short distance from Kohlbecker's Central City Hotel. It is surprisingly well equipped to do the work for which it is intended and its capacity for turning out boxes is very great. All orders receive prompt attention.

—As may be seen by the advertisement of the Bee Hive stores in another column, the large stock of boots and shoes at that establishment is being sold at a reduction of 25 per cent. on former prices. When the present stock shall be disposed of the boot and shoe department will be discontinued to make room for other goods. Those who go early will secure the best bargains.

—The press of surrounding towns very generally commends the course of Chief Burgess Powers, of this place, in stopping the explosion of firecrackers, the practice of fast driving and other excellent measures of which he is the author. Since he has occupied the office of Chief Burgess our borough has been more orderly and quiet than ever before, and his actions must commend themselves to all right-minded persons.

—A lady correspondent writes to the American Farmer as follows: "Don't forget to publish once a year, anyway, the recipe for cure of consumption that came out in your paper last year, calling for 4oz. glycerine, 2 oz. alcohol, 2oz. water and one grain morphine; and to blister the chest with tarter emetic ointment. We have had two cases of coughs in our own family of a year's standing completely cured; and we gave it to a number, every one of whom pronounces it a great blessing. I gave it to a consumptive friend in the last stages and it relieved his hard spells of coughing very much. Even in whooping cough it is a relief. My father, who weighs every opinion, says that simple recipe is worth more than years of subscription money to your paper."

—A man living a few miles from town deserted his wife for no other reason than that she lost the beauty which had distinguished her as a girl. Certain young men residing in the neighborhood became incensed at his ill-treatment of his "better half" and concluded to tar and feather him and ride him on a rail. Tar was lacking at the last moment and they were compelled to visit Bellefonte for molasses, which was used instead. It proved highly satisfactory to all concerned except the man upon whom the punishment was inflicted. The molasses used in this instance was purchased of Sechler & Co., grocers, who keep the finest stock in this section. They are perhaps doing the largest business ever transacted by a single store in Bellefonte. Every kind of canned and dried fruit, flour, provisions and almost all articles that the heart can wish may be purchased there. The choicest meat always on hand in Sechler's meat market.

When Wheat Should be Harvested.

We clip from the Altoona Tribune the following item which will be of interest to many of our readers. Wheat, when cut before the grain has passed from the milk to the dough state, will shrive and give small measure and light weight. The straw will be more valuable for fodder, however, than if harvested later. On the other hand, if left to become over ripe, the grains grow harsh and rough and the bran will be so thick and brittle that no after manipulation of the kernels will bring the wheat in condition to make the best quality of flour off the bran.

The cultivator's safety lies, therefore, between the extremes of early and late cutting. In a word, harvest the crop when the grain has passed from the milky stage to a doughy one. If the wheat be cut when the grain reaches the dough state the bran will be thin and elastic and can be separated more readily from the flour than when dead ripe. In addition, being finer, it will also be increased in quantity in consequence of the bran being better than when quite ripe. A saving of wheat is likewise gained, while it otherwise would be lost by shelling in the field. The novice can ascertain the exact time when wheat and other small grain ought to be cut by opening heads in different portions of the field and examining the kernels carefully. The straw near the ground will also proclaim the time for harvest by its yellow hue.

Wheat cut in the dough state ought not to be dried suddenly. It may be bound and stacked at once, or, if there is only a small quantity, drawn to the barn. Some farmers put into small stacks. I stacked so that the wind and rain will not dry up all the juices in the plant, enough of these will be slowly concentrated in the seed to accomplish the maturity of the grain in perfection. If by rapid ripening in the sun the kernels are shriveled, more bran is formed in proportion to the flour.

--A woman and man applied to the Mayor of Altoona a few days ago for money to pay their railroad fare to this place. They said they had walked all the way from St. Louis. The woman had no shoes on her feet and in her arms carried a sixteen-months-old infant. "Why do you wish to go to Bellefonte?" inquired the Mayor. "We are very poor," they replied; "but, nevertheless, we determined to have a vacation. We had heard of Saratoga Springs, Bedford Springs, Long Branch and all the other noted places in the East, but concluded that as we can only make one trip in this direction in a lifetime it would be best to visit Sechler's grocery store; for surely a place where pure coffee, tea, sugar, flour and all other necessities of life can be procured is something worth seeing. After we have visited your town and subsisted for a week on Sechler's groceries we will be more thoroughly recuperated than could be possible under any other circumstances." Our readers should follow the example of this simple man and his wife in regard to buying groceries of Sechler, and they will be benefitted by it.

--Rev. John Butler, of Ningpo, China, was quite severely injured on Thursday of last week by being thrown from a carriage while driving from Ansonville, Clearfield county, to Beulah parsonage. Several other persons were in the conveyance, which was upset, and all were more or less hurt. Mr. and Mrs. Butler visited this place some time ago, giving the Ladies' Missionary Society some very interesting accounts of their missionary experiences.

--If you have not yet visited the store of Harry Teats & Co. do so now. It does one good to deal with a pleasant, gentlemanly salesman like Harry Teats.

--The editor of the Owl is again endeavoring to have his scurrilous paper circulated in Bellefonte, and with that object is addressing several youths, offering them inducements to act as his agent. He signs such communications "Milton M. Lieb, Mt. Joy, Pa." Enough facts are in our possession to cause his arrest, and we caution the youths of this place to have nothing to do with him and warn him to desist from operating in this vicinity in the future.

--Our friends should visit the grocery of Harry Teats & Co. before purchasing elsewhere.

--In putting out a fire it should be remembered that one gallon of water at the bottom of a fire will do more to quench it than ten gallons at the top, and water thrown on the windward side will be more effectual in quenching the fire than if thrown on the leeward.

If you have the chills take Peruna. If you expect or fear them take Peruna.

List of Jurors.

We give below the list of grand and traverse jurors drawn for the August term of court, which will begin August 28th, 1882, continuing only one week:

GRAND JURORS.
M. Viedel, Burnside.
Jacob G. Breen, Penn.
J. C. Goheen, Ferguson.
Wm. Dawson, Spring.
N. Hedding, Bellefonte.
James S. Carson, Benner.
John Stover, Walker.
Charles Sellers, College.
Jacob Spangler, Worth.
C. B. McCormick, Ferg'n.
H. L. Barnhart, Boggs.
Christ Holter, Liberty.
Isaiah Struble, Walker.
O. Underwood, Union.
H. C. Rice, Rush.
S. L. Gray, Patton.
Wm. Wolf, Spring.
John Ginery, Huston.
W. E. Keene, Penn.
W. D. Smith, Unionville.
B. D. Brishin, Potter.
Jonath'n Hess, Ferg'n.
M. B. Richards, Potter.
D. B. Kunes, Liberty.

TRAVERSE JURORS.
D. W. Shively, Ferguson.
J. Garbick, Jr., Marlon.
S. D. Tobias, Millheim.
Will'm Bright, Haines.
Luther Swartz, Walker.
Hugh Glenn, Huston.
N. H. Williams, Huston.
John W. Smith, Howard.
B. F. Yearick, Ferguson.
G. W. Stones, Jr., Mill'm.
John Walter, Boggs.
Robert Bierly, Boggs.
A. Laporte, Ferguson.
Thomas Snyder, Liberty.
Aaron Letzel, Miles.
M. S. Fiddler, Haines.
F. Schroyer, Boggs.
W. H. Smith, Unionville.
John Dunlap, Benner.
James M. Ross, Harris.
John Spangler, Potter.
C. W. Hartman, Mill'm.
Calvin Osman, Harris.
Abraham Musser, Haines.
Sol S. Peck, Walker.
F. W. Barnhart, Boggs.
John Brachbill, F're.
Henry Dale, College.
Henry Beck, Spring.
Jacob Brungart, Miles.
J. I. Thompson, College.
S. A. Marshall, Benner.
Patrick Dooley, F're.
T. C. Gussalus, Snowshoe.
John Robb, Ferguson.
A. P. Stephens, Worth.
H. J. Taylor, Spring.
Adam Yearick, F're.
Jacob Breen, Potter.
Jasper Brungart, Miles.
Adam Stover, Haines.
D. G. Wythe, Rush.
D. H. Rote, Haines.
Toner Noll, Spring.
Theo. Gordon, F're.
Jesse Stover, Spring.
G. S. Gray, Half Moon.
E. C. Woods, Spring.

--The Lock Haven papers record a serious runaway accident which occurred near Mackeyville, Clinton county, on Thursday, of which Mr. James Hays, who resides on the Archy Allison farm, near Mt. Bethel, was the principal victim. On the day mentioned Mr. Hays went to a saw mill up the valley for some lumber, and as the material had not been sawed yet started on his home road. Mr. Wm. Devling, from the same neighborhood was also at the mill, and started home shortly after Mr. Hays. In coming down a steep hill near Mackeyville, Mr. Hays heard a team coming in the rear, and on looking back saw Devling's horses coming at break neck speed without a driver. He handed the lines to a boy that was with him and attempted to catch the runaways, when in some manner he was thrown under their feet. When picked up by passing travelers he was thought to be dead. A physician was called who reports Mr. Hays in a precarious condition, and states that his strong constitution may be the only thing that will save his life. Seven ribs were broken, one of which protruded into one of his lungs, causing a severe hemorrhage, also a very large lump was discovered on his back besides other serious injuries.

--Lack of space forbade us calling attention, last week, to the announcement of the firm of Goldsmith & Bro., of the Bee Hive stores, which may be found in another column. The \$40,000 worth of goods which they now have in stock is all carefully selected by persons of the best taste under circumstances peculiarly advantageous. The fact that their supplies come direct from a large wholesale house in New York, which is under their control, is a circumstance in their favor as it enables them to purchase at low figures, the original purchasers and importers not being compelled to make a middle-man's profit, and all working together for the interest of the retail buyer. Other strong inducements to patronize that store are presented in the advertisement.

--Rev. Crittenden, who returned Tuesday from a visit to the northern part of the State, furnishes us with the following:

On Monday evening, 12th inst. we held a meeting in a country village community of about three hundred people of various nationalities. The men's side of the house was crowded. Fully one-fourth of the audience was Roman Catholic. The leading business man of the place, a Catholic, gave me all the encouragement I could ask for. He shows good common sense in religious things and no bigotry or sectarian narrowness. If we succeed in establishing a Sunday school at this place, the Scripture lessons will be those that Catholics and Protestants hold in common, as, for example, the Ten Commandments, the Beatitudes, the Lord's Prayer, &c. The very lessons most of all needed and hymns that are sung in Protestant and Roman Catholic churches, such as, "Dear Saviour, ever at my side," etc., composed by Faber, an old Catholic priest and poet, eminent for his piety and learning.

--The potato beetle is as numerous and destructive as ever this season and if the following from an exchange is true, a harmless and inexpensive remedy can be used in place of an expensive and dangerous poison. It is the statement of a farmer that he uses only coal gas tar to prevent the ravages of the potato beetle. He puts a gallon of tar in a tub, over which he pours boiling water which is allowed to settle and cool. This is sprinkled over the vines with an ordinary sprinkler. A gallon of tar suffices for several acres of potatoes.

--If we may judge by appearances, John Bartroff is doing a tremendous business. Half a hundred conveyances, more or less, fill up the very large space near his carriage-making establishment on Water street,

--Prof. Charles Hebner, of Muncy, was an attendant at the recent brilliant wedding of Prof. C. L. Lose to Miss Rebecca J. Johnson, which was celebrated in St. James Episcopal church, at Muncy, on Thursday evening of last week. Prof. H. will be remembered as the former teacher of classics in the Bellefonte Academy.

--Some men smoke to excess, but it is difficult to put a limit on that indulgence when the cigars are of the superior kind sold by Harry Green.

--An exchange advises farmers to scatter grains of copperas in every crevice or hole that harbors a rat, as it will result in a stampede of the destructive rodents.

--The grocery store of Harry Teats & Co. has already become a favorite with the people.

Paralytic strokes, heart disease, and kidney affections, prevented by the use of Brown's Iron Bitters.

--Nervous Headache, Periodical Headache, Neuralgic Headache, are cured by Dr. Mettair's Headache and Dyspepsia Pills. Price 25 cts.

--Spring and Summer Season, 1882. Woolen stock now complete. Early orders solicited. MONTGOMERY & Co., 511 Tailors

--Gentlemen's fine socks, 6 pair for twenty-five cents at the Boston Clothing House, just opened in Reynolds' Block, Bellefonte, Pa. 22-4t

--Men's good straw hats 5c. apiece at the Boston Clothing House, just opened in Reynolds' Block, Bellefonte, Pa. 22-4t

At the change of every season sluggishness of the blood should be prevented by taking Peruna.

Now is the time to buy in what stock of dress goods, clothing, boots and shoes, etc., you need for this coming year, as Lyon Co. are closing out their stock at cost. The goods must be sold and prices will be slaughtered.

A pure, wholesome distillation of witch hazel, American pine, Canada fir, marigold, clover blossom, etc., fragrant with the healing essence of balsam and pine. Such is Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh. Complete treatment for \$1.

--"How do you manage," said a lady to her friend, "to appear so happy all the time?" "I always have Parker's Ginger Tonic handy," was the reply, "and thus keep myself and family in good health and spirits." See adv.

Frank Blair has just opened another fine lot of solid silver ware, from the Gorham Co., which are put up in handsome satin cases. These goods, in connection with his stock of superior silver-plated ware, where the finest display of silver ware ever exhibited in town. As he is the agent for the Gorham Co., he sells at the factory retail prices. d-w-t-f.

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.
It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, which sulphur, sugar of lead, and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggists for it. Each bottle is warranted. Smith, Kline & Co., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and C. N. Crittenden, New York. 14 24 1y

Fatal Mistake!

Come to find out, many parties in this section have made a mistake in not calling at the Boston Clothing House, just opened, in Reynolds' block, opposite Brokerhoff House, Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa. Some have been mistaken in the place and bought clothing, boots and shoes, etc., in many places where they have to pay nearly double what they could purchase the same goods for at the above mentioned establishment. It is a fatal mistake to those who have already bought their spring and summer clothing, boots and shoes. Parties in need of such goods are advised not to purchase before calling at the Boston Clothing House, Bellefonte, Pa. Many small country dealers are supplying themselves at that house, therefore you can imagine how cheap the concern can afford to sell goods. It is the cheapest place in the world. Just try it. 14 25 2w

FINE SHOES MADE TO ORDER AT

Doll & Mingle's.
22-3m

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, under the act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the 24th day of April, 1874, and its supplements for the charter of a corporation, to be called "The Centre County Coal and Iron Company," the charter and object of which is the mining, quarrying and preparing coal and iron ore for market and for the manufacture of their products, from and upon lands to be acquired by the said corporation, in the counties of Centre and Clinton, in the State of Pennsylvania, and for those purposes to have possession and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.
H. G. CLAY,
Solicitor.
14 26 3t 522 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.--Pursuant to an order of the Orphan's Court of Centre county, will be sold at public sale on the premises, in the town of Port Matilda, in said county, on Saturday, the 22d day of July, 1882, the following described real estate, late of Zillah Richards, deceased, viz: A lot of ground in the township of Worth, in said town of Port Matilda, 33 feet on Main street to an alley; also said alley 199 feet to Curtin street, thence south along Curtin street 15 feet, thence east 190 feet to Main street, being lot No. 70 in the plan of Port Matilda. The improvements are one and a half stories plank dwelling house, a well of water, and other necessary out buildings. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock p. m.

Terms of sale: One half on confirmation of sale and the balance within one year, with interest to be secured by a lien on the property.
14 26 3t HUGH ADAMS,
Administrator.

Bee Hive Stores.**THE GREAT****BEE HIVE****ONE PRICE STORES,****BELLEFONTE, PA****REASONS WHY**

\$40,000 worth of Goods can be sold Cheaper at the Celebrated

Bee Hive One Price Stores

Than by any other concern in the State.

Not because we deal in everything--but just because we don't--as we have never lost sight of the Jeffersonian maxim, "He who aims to be Jack of all trades can be master of none."

We devote ourselves exclusively to the special lines which we thoroughly understand; buy exclusively for CASH and in

Large Quantities,

Therefore saving the profit of middle men which dealers in a General Stock have to pay and of which we always give our customers the benefit. It being a well attested fact in consequence of our large and constantly increasing sales.

MARKED DOWN**Our Entire Summer Stock.**

You are most respectfully invited to come and look at a

NEW, CLEAN AND DESIRABLE STOCK OF GOODS.

We never allow any goods to become shop worn, but put them on the bargain counter at once. Besides we are daily in receipt of Novelties from our New York office.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT!

For the next 30 days, or until sold, we offer our entire stock of Men's and Boys'

Boots and Shoes,

at a reduction of 25 per cent, for the reason that we intend to give up that Department to make room for other goods.

Dry Goods, Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Hats,

Caps, Boots and Shoes,

MERCHANT TAILORING,

Cheaper than ever. Come and be convinced.

Very Respectfully Yours,

GOLDSMITH & BRO.

New York Office, 97 Franklin St.

S. & A. Loeb, General Merchandise.**Save Money When You Can!**

ANY ONE CAN SAVE IT BY FOLLOWING THE ADVICE BELOW.

GROCERIES.

We are selling all classes of Groceries at prices below any grocery store in Bellefonte, showing a saving of 3 cents per pound on as staple an article as Coffee; 10 cents on Syrups; 2 cents on Bacon; from 10 to 25 cents per bushel on Potatoes; a few cents on every article of everyday consumption that goes into the house. Produce we always sell at same prices which we pay for it, thereby saving the consumer an extra profit that is always charged by exclusive grocery stores.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

We are selling all kinds of Boots and Shoes in wonderfully large variety and extra good quality, at prices far below any exclusive shoe store in Centre County. Quality guaranteed as good as can be made, and prices speak for themselves.

CLOTHING.

We are selling all sizes of Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing at an enormous saving on any exclusive clothing store, guaranteeing linings, trimmings and workmanship superior to any other ready-made Clothing sold in this county, and equal to any custom-made work. Patches are furnished with all children's suits. We make a specialty of the celebrated Stein, Adler & Co.'s manufacture, of Rochester, which is conceded by all to be the best in the United States.

CARPETS.

We are selling all grades of Carpets, ranging from the cheapest to the best, at lower prices than any store in Bellefonte, and have the largest variety to be found in the County, which has only to be seen to be verified. Carpets cut, fit, made and laid down in your houses on short notice.

DRY GOODS.

In Dry Goods we are determined not to be undersold; and have an exceedingly large stock, comprising everything in the line that the name implies. Dress Goods in every new shape out, Muslins, Calicos, Linens, House Furnishing Goods, in fact anything and everything, bought right and offered right.

NOTIONS.

In Notions and Trimmings our stock is full of novelties, at the very lowest prices.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Hats, Caps, Shirts, Suspenders, Collars, Cuffs, Hosiery, etc. Just call and convince yourselves. Room won't allow us to explain fully.

Why can we do all this? Simply because we deal in everything. We make a specialty of each department; neither one branch or the other of our ever increasing business need be largely profitable, but a very small margin in either sums up to satisfy us.

ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE WANTED.

S. & A. LOEB,
The Oldest General Merchants in Centre County.
ESTABLISHED 1852.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Murder and Suicide.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 20.—A most terrible tragedy occurred at East Liberty some time to-day, most probably after the noon hour, but precisely when can only be conjectured. At about 1 o'clock a boy named Weinkauf went to his home on Frankstown avenue, near Liberty station, Nineteenth ward, and finding nobody on the first floor proceeded to the second story, where he was horrified and terrified by the sight of his father and step-mother lying dead on the floor, ghastly corpses with throats cut and a butcher knife lying beside the man. The boy, who is aged 17 years, ran to the east end police station at once and gave information to the officer in charge.

The man's name was Weinkauf. He had been an employe at the stock yards, but for how long was not ascertained. He had not been on good terms with his wife, and had been recently discharged from prison. It is probable that the man abused her and was imprisoned upon her complaint. Naturally enough her action in prosecuting rekindled his hatred for her, and developed a spirit of revenge which grew during his imprisonment, and was precipitated into the horrible tragedy of to-day.

Printers on a Strike.

BUFFALO, June 20.—The types connected with the newspaper departments on the daily papers generally quit work to-day, demanding an increase in composition from thirty and thirty-three cents per thousand lines to thirty-three and thirty-five cents for day and night work respectively. A communication was sent to two of the daily papers claiming that the request was made in accordance with the action taken by the Printers' Assembly of the Knights of Labor. Time to consider the action of the strikers was requested by one of the daily papers for a few days to confer with the other daily papers, but this was refused. The other dailies refused to hold a conference with the appointed committee of the Knights of Labor. No definite refusal to pay the increase or compromise has been made.

Boiler Explosion.

CINCINNATI, June 20.—The United States snagboat Woodruff, while lying at the dry docks in the upper part of the city, this morning at 11 o'clock burst its boiler. The explosion tore the boiler deck and the cabin above the boiler into splinters. Clay Jones, a fireman, who was blown into the air and terribly scalded, is still alive, but mortally wounded. He resides at Middleport, Ohio. Mr. Jeffries, the first mate, was struck in the stomach with some of the debris and injured, but not seriously. The chambermaid was slightly scalded. The damage to the boat was \$6000.

Death.

CATAWAUGA, Pa., June 20.—This afternoon David Thomas, the father of the anthracite coal business in the United States, died of pneumonia at his home here in the 88th year of his age. Mr. Thomas came to this country from Wales in 1839. On July 4, 1840, he put into blast the first furnace which successfully smelted iron ore by the use of anthracite coal with the hot blast and has lived to see the present vast extension of such furnaces producing five millions of tons of pig-iron annually. He was a man of vigorous frame and possessed a clear mind to the last.

All Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The senate in executive session this afternoon confirmed all of the president's nominations for members of the tariff commission. The executive session occupied an hour and forty-five minutes. The final vote on the question of confirmation was 31 yeas against 27 nays. Four of five Democrats voted with the body of Republicans in the affirmative, and one Republican (Van Wyck) voted in the negative.

New Trial Refused.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., June 20.—At a special court held here to-day before Judge Ellwell, of Bloomsburg, the motion for a new trial in the libel case of W. W. Scranton against A. A. Chase, editor of the Scranton Times, was argued and was refused. This leaves the verdict of \$1,441 standing against Chase, and if not paid he will have to go to prison.

Flipper Gets his Papers.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The following order has been issued by the war department: "By direction of the secretary of war the sentence in the case of Lieutenant Henry O. Flipper, Tenth cavalry, will take effect June 30, 1882, from which date he will cease to be an officer of the army."

Judge Trunkley Declines.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 20.—A Franklin, Pa., special says Judge John Trunkley in a letter to the Venango county democratic convention to-day positively refused to allow his name to go before the state convention as a candidate for governor.

British Subjects.

ALEXANDRIA, June 20.—At the British consulate it is estimated that only 300 British subjects remain here.

Congressman-at-Large.

HARRISBURG, June 21.—The republican caucus was called to order in the state library room at noon by Alex. P. Brown, of Philadelphia, and Judge Fetterman, of Allegheny county, was made president.

Judge Jessup offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the state executive committee, when organized, be requested to issue a call for a new convention, under the rules, to take such action on the ticket already nominated as shall be for the best interests of the republican party of the state.

After an interchange of views General McClary, offered the following as a substitute for the resolution:

Resolved, That this convention proceed to complete the ticket by the nomination of a congressman at large, and that we recommend the republican state committee to adopt all honorable means to harmonize the republican party, so as to secure success in November.

The amendment was carried with only a few dissenting votes.

A resolution empowering the state committee to fill any vacancy occurring on the ticket was also adopted.

The general caucus adjourned at 1:15 and at once met in convention.

Colonel Taggart was elected president and on taking the chair made a brief speech, in which he called attention to the statements that this was Cameron's convention and said he (Taggart) was for no bosses whatever, but was for Beaver for governor and James G. Blaine for president. Beaver would have been nominated he said, even if all the bosses were against him.

At the conclusion of the roll it was announced that 227 delegates were present. The resolution approved by the caucus was then adopted, directing the nomination of a candidate for congressman-at-large and referring to the state committee the question of harmonizing the party.

The following nominations were then made: General William Lilly, of Carbon; Marriott Brosius, of Lancaster; General Samuel Todd, of Cumberland; Howard T. Jacobs, of Berks; Galusha A. Grow, of Susquehanna.

A letter was read from Mr. Grow stating that he was not a candidate and had retired from politics, because he said there were others of greater ability and as he was not the man for the position he would have to decline.

A ballot being then taken resulted as follows: Lilly, 25; Brosius, 161; Todd, 17; Jacobs, 29. Amid cheering the nomination of Brosius was made unanimous. Then in a brief speech Mr. Brosius said that he had made up his mind, as he thought, not to permit his name to be used, but he could now only say that he placed himself at the disposal of his party and would accept the honor.

The convention then adjourned.

Believe Guiteau is Insane.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The president has received one or two stray letters asking for executive clemency on behalf of Guiteau, but so far has heard nothing from his counsel or any of the members of his family. The letters already received are of the character denominated as cranky of which the president receives a large number on all subjects and as such does not come in for serious attention. Miss Chevallier, of Boston, secretary of the National society for the protection of the insane, had a short interview with the president yesterday in reference to Guiteau's case and arranged for an audience with the president to-morrow, when Dr. George M. Beard and others will advance arguments in favor of a short respite of Guiteau in order to allow a proper commission an opportunity to fully investigate the question of his insanity.

Grand Army Festivities.

BALTIMORE, June 21.—The city is profusely decorated to-day in honor of the Grand Army of the Republic. The streets and houses alone the line of march are filled with people anxious to witness the grand parade. The presidential party, General Sherman and Speaker Keifer, arrived and were escorted to the mayor's reception room in city hall, where they were welcomed by the governor, mayor, and many prominent citizens. The line of march was formed and starting from Broadway, proceeded through the principal streets. At the city hall the line was reviewed by President Arthur, Secretary Lincoln and General Sherman. The line was composed of about 7,000 men and occupied a little over an hour in passing the point of review.

Accident Record.

Willie Morris, a boy, was accidentally drowned in the canal at Harrisburg Sunday.

William Gaygen, being drunk, climbed through a window of George Brown's house in Ithaca, New York, at 5 o'clock on Sunday morning, and was shot dead by Brown, who took him for a burglar.

Two tanks, one containing 35,000 and the other 30,000 barrels of coal oil, at Olean, New York, were fired Monday morning by lightning. The loss was expected to reach \$60,000. About thirty rigs and small tanks in different parts of the oil region were struck the same day and several thousand barrels of oil were destroyed.

The stomach's greatest friend is Peruna.

Young women often keep their lovers by tears. "Yes," says grumwig, "love, like beef, is preserved by brine."

Nursing mothers gain strength by using Brown's Iron Bitters. It acts like a charm in restoring to health and strength overstrained nature.

A new style of spring bonnet is called "The Opera," owing presumably to the number of string bands connected with it.

Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Headache from sour stomach, are all cured by Dr. Mettair's Headache and Dyspepsia Pills. Price 25 cts.

A Whitehall woman calls her husband kind words, because he is so baldheaded that he can never dye.

It is certainly a reflection on the appreciative taste of the bride that the best man at a wedding is not the bridegroom.

The constant dripping of water will wear the hardest stone; so the constant hacking cough will undermine the hardest constitution. Avoid this fatal result by using Sines' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Hoarhound.

Nobody enjoys the nicest surroundings if in bad health. There are miserable people about to-day to whom a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic would bring more solid comfort than all the medicines they have ever tried.—News.

Yellow-covered literature will be the rage this summer. At least we judge so, for a fashion item says "everything will be yellow this summer."

Parents who allow their children to grow up with scrofulous humors bursting from every pore are guilty of a great wrong. Think of them pointed out as branded with a loathsome disease, and you will readily procure them the Cuticura Remedies.

A girl, who has got tired of "living out," and wants to earn her money easily, announces that she will give a series of twelve kitchen lectures. Her subject will be: "How to Manage Mistresses."

Skepticism has done more to retard the progress of the world intellectually than all the other doctrines combined. Being skeptics has brought death or years' suffering into thousands of families, throughout the land. Lay aside your prejudices, believe in your fellow men and accept Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy for what its name implies, a cure for Piles.

A fashion writers says: "Small cuffs will be becoming this season." This will be good news to the small boy. The cuffs he has been in the habit of getting would cover both ears if they were not on the same side of the head.

On account of the sudden changes in the temperature at this season and in this climate, it is almost impossible to keep free from colds and coughs; but a prompt use of N. H. Down's Vegetable Balsamic Elixir will prevent any serious result from a sudden cold and effect a speedy cure. If you are bilious, or have the jaundice, sick headache or dizziness, try Baxter's Mandrake Bitters.

A gentleman who was asked for his marriage certificate quietly took off his hat and pointed to a bald spot. The evidence was conclusive.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, free of charge. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph Inman, Station D., New York City 14 1 26t

"Mother, send me for the doctor." "Why, my son?" "Cause that man in the parlor is going to die—he said he would if sister Jane would not marry him—and sister said she would not."

High Newspaper Authority. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 19, '81. H. H. WARNER & Co.: Sirs—The undersigned, a member of the staff of Forney's Progress, has been a sufferer for years with kidney troubles. The use by him of your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure has been followed by beneficial results. W. H. BRADY.

I know the gentleman whose signature is above, Mr. W. H. Brady, and I can say any statement made by him deserves to be considered the exact truth. JOHN W. FORNEY.

"Sally, what have you done with the cream? These children cannot eat skim milk for breakfast." "Sure, ma'am, it isn't myself that would be after giving the cream to yez. I tuk that and gave it to the cats."

From B. F. Liepsner, A. M., Red Bank, N. J.—Ely's Cream Balm Co., Oswego, N. Y.: Gents, I have been troubled with catarrh so badly for several years that it seriously affected my voice. I tried Dr. — remedy without obtaining the slightest relief, but one bottle of your Cream Balm did the work. My voice is fully restored and my head feels better than it has for years. I feel deeply indebted to you. Very truly, B. F. Liepsner. Jan. 23, 1881.

W. L. Hawkins, Druggist, Princeton, N. J.—The past year is the first of many that I have been free from Catarrh and cold in the head (having suffered intensely), which I attribute to the use of Ely's Cream Balm. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and in every case it has worked like a charm. J. D. Wolfe, Insurance Agent. Oct. 22, 1880.

Can exchanging with new newspapers be X-tending a friendly X?

Delicate Females.

The exactions of society, added to the cares of maternity and the household, have tested beyond endurance the frail constitutions which have been granted the majority of women. To combat this tendency to premature decline, no remedy in the world possesses the nourishing and strengthening properties of Malt Bitters. They enrich the blood, perfect digestion, stimulate the liver and kidneys, arrest ulcerative weaknesses, and purify and vitalize every function of the female system.

The newest floral sentiment: "If you wish for heart's ease don't look to marigold."

Miscellaneous.

PE-RU-NA This is a new remedy, originally compounded and introduced to the medical profession and the public at large by S. B. Hartman, M. D., of 307 Penn. Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., who has proved it to cure 60,000 patients, and in every case with the most gratifying success. The system is entirely unlike that of any other remedy, and is the only medicine needed in almost every disease to which flesh is heir—Epilepsy (falling fits) being the only exception. In this PERUNA should not be used. In Constipation and Diseases of the Female Organs and Bladder, MANALIN should be given with it. PERUNA is composed of purely vegetable ingredients, each one, according to medical authors, a great remedy in itself.

Dr. Hartman has succeeded in extracting the active principles from these ingredients and in combining them into one simple compound, which at once coincides with the Virgatus N. A. T. in every disease, and the work of restoration commences with the first dose. There is not an organ that will not reach not a disease it will not cure. For particulars send for a pamphlet. S. B. HARTMAN & CO., Osborn, Ohio.

MAN-A-LIN

THE FINEST LINE OF MEN'S WEAR

ever brought to bellefonte. Cheap as trash is generally sold for.

DOLL & MINGLE.

W. P. Duncan & Co., BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL.

STEAM ENGINES.

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS.

ROLLING MILL

AN

Grist Mill Machinery

546a12-4f.

TESTED & FOUND WORTHY.

In order to bring more fully before the notice of the people the value of a true and tried remedy, we give the following reliable testimonial from one of the many who have been cured, and whose reputation for veracity cannot be questioned.

WOODBURY, N. J., March 20, 1882.

SWEDISH BITTERS. I have suffered with dyspepsia and its horrible effects for many years. Have spent hundreds of dollars with physicians and in patent medicines, with no avail. I have been unable to eat meats of any kind, and could not retain water on my stomach, and was unable to sleep at night. I was induced to procure and try a bottle of your Swedish Bitters, and can conscientiously say that its use was followed by beneficial results. I can now sit down and enjoy a hearty meal of meats and vegetables of any kind and have gained sixteen pounds in three weeks and am cordially recommending it to others.

Yours respectfully,

AGUSTUS PREHL, Prop'r of Woodbury City Coach Line, Prehl's Livery and Accommodation Stable.

The above statement can be relied on.

Wm. D. SCOTT, Ex-Mayor of the City of Woodbury, N. J.

Swedish Bitters is a sure cure for dyspepsia, kidney and stomach troubles, Biliousness, and all diseases of the stomach. Give it a trial and you will see that the test of Swedish Bitters is the proof of its merit. Manufactured by SWEDISH BITTERS CO., Woodbury, N. J. Sold by all druggists at 75 cents per bottle.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN GENTS' LOW SHOES AND SLIPPERS.

22-3m DOLL & MINGLE.

Best business now before the public

You can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not needed. We will start you. \$12 a day and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address, STIMSON & CO., Portland, Maine. (anti) denyany

ESTATE OF JAMES W. DUNCAN, late of the State of Louisiana, dec'd.

Letters of Administration on above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Centre county, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment at once, and those having claims against the estate to present the same for settlement, to WILLIAM HELME, Adm'r., 1115 & 1117 Cherry St., Phila., Pa., or BEAVER & GEPHART, Attys., Bellefonte, Pa.

The Key to Fortune in all Avenues of Life

JULIA McNAIR WRIGHT'S

New Book, "Practical Life."

A handsome volume, over 600 pp., discussing individual culture, etiquette, business, love, marriage, etc.

Rev. Theo. L. Cuyler, D. D., says: "I am quite delighted with its admirable views and wholesome suggestions. It ought to be in every house."

The Central Baptist, St. Louis, Mo., says: "It is a thoroughly good and beautiful book."

The Interior, Chicago, says: "It strikes us as the solidest and best from her pen."

The Pittsburg Christian Advocate says: "Its lessons need to be taught and enforced in every household."

One type, artistic binding, magnificent full page colored plates. Prices low. Terms liberal. Sales rapid. AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE. Send for particulars to J. C. McCLURE & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. Cincinnati, O., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo., 14 22 2m

Reduced to \$3 per Annum. Specimen copies sent on request. Address the Publisher, 210 Broadway, New York.

Miscellaneous.

Sines' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Hoarhound for Coughs & Colds. 25 cents an all drug store. For sale by John Harris Druggist, Allegheny street Bellefonte, Pa. dAwMar17 1y

HARDWARE!

JAMES HARRIS & CO.

ARE SELLING VERY LOW

REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,

And all kinds of Farming Tools,

RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUTS HAY FORKS,

ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC., to meet

As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet

all demands in this line.

FOR THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

GO TO

DOLL & MINGLE,

No. 10 Brockerhoff Row. 22-3m

Gold.

Great chance to make money

Those who always take advantage

of making money that are offered,

generally become wealthy, while

those who do not improve such chances remain

in poverty. We want many men, women, boys

and girls to work for us right in their own lo-

calities. Any one can do the work properly

from the first start. The business will pay

more than ten times ordinary wages. Expen-

sive outfit furnished free. No one who en-

gages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote

your whole time to the work, or only your

spare moments. Full information and all that

is needed sent free. Address, STIMSON & CO.,

Portland, Maine. (anti) denyany

ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN GENTS' LOW SHOES AND SLIPPERS.

22-3m DOLL & MINGLE.

Best business now before the public

You can make money faster at work for us than at anything

else. Capital not needed. We will start you. \$12 a day and upwards

made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to

work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to

the business. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who en-

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The Key to Fortune in all Avenues of Life

JULIA McNAIR WRIGHT'S

New Book, "Practical Life."

Miscellaneous.

BURCHFIELD'S

New Grocery Store,

just opened in the new Centre County Bank building,

High Street, BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Has everything

New, Fresh and Desirable.

The most extensive stock of

Groceries, Canned Goods, Spices,

Table Delicacies, Provisions,

Confectioneries, Glassware,

Stoneware, Queens-

ware, Tobaccos,

Cigars, &c.

In this section of the store.

These goods will be sold at either

wholesale or retail, and at prices

to suit the times.

As everything in stock is perfectly

fresh, and purchased for cash,

I can guarantee the full-

est satisfaction in

both quality and

price.

A cordial invitation is extended to

everybody to call, and a fair

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—The seductive watermelon is coming this way.

—The pavement in front of the Bush House billiard saloon has been relaid.

—The National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic convened at Baltimore on Wednesday.

—It is time for picnics—or forest parties as they are called this year, the latter appellation not being so common.

—The boys continue to explode firecrackers notwithstanding the Burgess' proclamation to the contrary.

—John Feaster, an employee of the nail works, had his foot cut in a very painful and dangerous manner, while at work last Wednesday afternoon.

—Mr. Daniel Garman, accompanied by his brother, Mr. Bruce Garman, drove in a buggy to-day to Jersey Shore, Locomount county, where they will remain a few days.

—The new residence of Mr. Jno. Olewine, now in process of erection on Willow Bank street, is a commodious structure and will be a material improvement to that thoroughfare.

—Joseph Bird, Esq., of Northumberland, died on Sunday at 5 p.m., and was buried on Wednesday. Mr. Bird was a prominent coal and iron man, being President of the Bird Coal and Iron Company, operating in the Snow Shoe region.

—A few changes which will no doubt be an improvement are being made upon the frame residence owned by Mr. Hoffer on East Lamb street. Among them is the tearing away of the vestibule in front of the house and the substitution of a porch instead.

—White, red and yellow roses, all in the full glory of blossom, in the grounds in front of Mr. D. G. Bush's residence, present a bright picture. If a bush of artificial blue roses could be temporarily added to the collection the effect, if not artistic, would at least be patriotic.

—Cal. Green, who recently opened the barbershop in McCafferty's building, has added some new chairs and other furniture to the appointment of his establishment. It is said that a new barber of first-class ability is soon to follow to meet the wants of his increasing patronage.

—Mr. Isaac Haupt showed us some long specimens of orchard grass this morning raised on his Purdue's mountain farm. It measures 5 feet 5½ inches. He has two acres of it and can raise three crops of the same kind during the season. Mr. H., as a farmer, may be voted a success.

—A young people's prayer meeting is held for a half-hour every Sunday evening in the lecture room of the Methodist church, previous to the service in the church proper. We are pleased to know that it is growing in interest. All the young people of that church should attend.

—Stormstown, it is rumored, is to have a Republican paper, with Messrs. Gray and Hunter editors and proprietors. The first issue will appear on the 30th of June, the day when Guiteau will be hung. We welcome it with extended arms. Competition is the life of trade.

—The wedding is announced of Miss Emma W., daughter of Dr. and Mrs. George S. Kemble, of Millinburg, to Mr. John E. Colt, the happy event to be solemnized on Thursday, the 29th instant. Miss Kemble is a niece of our townsman, Dr. Hayes, and has frequently visited at his residence in this place.

—Mr. Cyrus Weaver, proprietor of the Cuban Cigar Store, is making some very important improvements on the interior of his establishment. The shelving has been painted white and the ceiling kalsomined. As may be expected, this favorite resort, always pleasant and inviting, has been improved 50 per cent. in appearance.

—The strawberry festival given by the congregation of the Presbyterian church of Port Matilda on Saturday evening, the 17th, was a grand success. Notwithstanding the inclement weather, the attendance was very large and the receipts reached the handsome sum of \$118. The money is to be used to repair the church edifice.

—The "dog days" are approaching, and the snarling cur, vicious mastiff and fierce bull-dog will soon be objects of special terror. Dogs are useful on the farm, as aids for hunters and as guardians where houses are isolated or valuable property kept, but there are many worthless curs in the possession of people of all conditions of life which were better exterminated. This latter species of the canine tribe are the kind that most frequently "go mad," as their food and water is not regularly supplied and they live upon whatever they can obtain.

A Howard Man on the Iron Business and Politics.

Howard, Pa., June 19, 1882.

Mr. Editor: It seems to strike us very forcibly that Howard, so beautiful for situation, where one can sit for hours and gaze at the surpassingly beautiful picture of nature's own painting—the fertile valley, the wood crowned hills, the towering mountains, which, like a landscape in fairy land, meet the eye on every side—we say it seems to strike us that a place like this should be more prominently represented in the local papers. Especially should the iron interests of this community, as well as the State, be brought to the front through the columns of a leading paper like your own.

Howard, being located about midway between Bellefonte and Lock Haven on the line of the B. E. V. R. R., is in the heart of a rich and very beautiful valley. The agricultural resources, if properly developed, fall very little, if any, below the general standard, while the mineral deposits seem to be principally iron.

The proprietor of the Howard iron-works, Mr. Bernard Lauth, is certainly deserving of much praise for his energy and zeal in pushing to the front the iron interests of the county. He has the means, and is not slow in applying them, as any one can see by paying us a visit.

We think there cannot be too much said or written in advocacy of the different industries of the land. Especially does this apply to the iron trade, because it is not only the backbone of the State, but it is destined to become the bulwark of the entire nation. Shut down the iron-works and it must follow that the commercial, agricultural, mining and railroad interests of the country must suffer. Thousands of good honest men will wander up and down the land in search of employment whereby to earn bread for the loved ones at home. Keep the furnaces, forges and rolling mills in operation and all these other avenues of industry will open up as a natural result, and none but cranks and scoundrels, who ought to be in state prison, will be on the tramp, begging bread from door to door. If anyone should ask us how these good results are to be brought about we would answer in a word, vote the Republican ticket.

The papers say we have two Republican tickets. Suppose we have. That ought not to scare us a bit. It will only bring out a fuller vote, while the aggregate of the Republican vote this fall will demonstrate to a fraction just where Pennsylvania stands for all time to come on the protective tariff question, and every body that knows anything knows that "that's what's the matter."

—We frequently receive correspondence in which the writers allude to their private grievances, and imagine that by spreading them before the public they will be benefitted and those who have offended them will be injured. Our latest communication of this character is from Snow Shoe. The writer is a member of the M. E. church and his pastor has been, he thinks, too severe with him. We consider that it is a matter which should be settled between the parties themselves, and publishing either side of the controversy will add fuel to the fire. Church quarrels are the worst kind to bring before the public as they are humiliating to the cause of religion. We believe the Bible directs a mode of settling such affairs without resorting to either the law or public opinion. Let our correspondent consult his Bible upon this matter and we will publish his communication if he finds any text authorizing him to ventilate his troubles in the newspapers.

—A Harvest Drink. The following is a capital drink for the harvest field. When you have any heavy work to do, do not take either beer, cider, or spirits. By far the best drink is thin oatmeal and water, with a little sugar. The proportions are one-fourth pound oatmeal to two or three quarts of water. It should be well boiled, then one ounce or one and one half ounce of brown sugar added. Shake up the oatmeal well through the liquid. You will find it not only quenches thirst, but will give you more strength and endurance than any other drink. If at any time you have to make a very long day, as in harvest, increase the oatmeal to one-half pound or three-fourths pound to three quarts of water. Many will find a piece of lemon peel boiled with it an improvement.

—We are requested to announce that among the articles remaining in the Y. M. C. A. room, which were used during the festival, are several plates. The precise identity of the parties to whom they belong is not known, which accounts for the fact that they have not been returned. They can be secured by their owners if called for.

"Eagleville Hash," Dished Up by the Head Cook.

Business is brisk at present.

Frank Clark and Girard Minsker left for McKean county on Monday last.

Misses Clara and Maud Snyder and Miss Carrie Quigley sojourned for a time with Mrs. H. W. Hoover, of Unionville. They were well pleased with the place and people, especially with the boys.

The "Harmony Circle Social Hop" at Quigley's hall, on Friday evening last, was a grand success. All were pleased. The girls were buoyant and the boys gaily-lant.

Little Milford, infant son of Mr. W. W. Clark, while playing on Sunday last, fell upon the scissors and cut a deep gash in the fleshy portion of his thigh. The wound was properly dressed and the little fellow is getting along finely.

Misses Alice DeHaas and May Chapman, of Lock Haven, and Miss Frankie Bossert, of Bald Eagle, visited friends in Eagleville last week.

D. M. Berlew, our boss shoemaker, has laid a substantial boardwalk in front of his residence, besides making sundry other improvements.

Mr. Richard Beaton, of Fowler, and E. J. Larkins, of Howard, were in town on Friday last and took in the "hop."

When one fellow in Eagleville gets miffed at another he quotes from "Tom Pepper" thusly, "Let me tangle my hand in your hair, my pet."

Diamond Views.

They were taken from a convenient point of observation in the evening of the longest day of the year.

They are all "dissolving views," ever changing in substance and shadow.

The crowd surges to and fro, large in number and animated in spirit; no sad faces visible.

Handsome carriages with loads of living freight roll on their way.

Almost everybody has a button hole bouquet, but roses are cheap and pretty.

White dresses with sashes of all colors adorn the ladies. The sashes cost as much as the dresses.

People who have lived neighbors for fifty years pass without recognition. Some who never saw each other before bow ceremoniously.

Gentlemen stand around and talk politics, business and pleasure.

Ladies stand for a short time and then pass on, chatting about dress, parties, weddings and—well, we will allow the reader to imagine the other subjects.

Lawyers in the vicinity sit in their offices, with their feet elevated on a level with their brains.

—There are people in this place who complain that there is too much Episcopalian news in this paper. That is only because there are persons in that church who take an interest in its affairs while the members of other churches do not seem to have sufficient energy to let the public know what they are doing. As an example, we requested three members of the Methodist church to furnish us an account of the "Children's Day" exercises and were not able to obtain it, being at length compelled to write it ourselves. As we were not present the account was necessarily imperfect. We assure our readers that we are in love with all the churches—we will stand up in prayer with the Presbyterians, say "Amen" with the Methodists, extol Luther with the Lutherans, sing with the Reformers, say that the Baptists have strong arguments in favor of immersion and wish the Society of Friends, United Brethren and Roman Catholics all the good imaginable. Meanwhile, send in your notices.

—Mr. George Weymouth, a member of the extensive lumber firm of Hopkins, Weymouth & Co., of Lock Haven, is frequently mistaken for General Beaver when away from home, because, like the General, he has but one leg and uses crutches. A few days ago while at Harrisburg he was approached by a gentleman of African descent with a paper soliciting subscriptions for a Methodist church. As he was an entire stranger Mr. Weymouth asked him who he took him for. "General Beaver, sah," replied the gentleman of color. Mr. Weymouth appreciates the honor, but he doesn't feel like paying for it every time he goes away from home.

—Manager Malin informs us that the telegraph rates from Bellefonte to Pittsburg, Reading, Philadelphia, Scranton and Washington, D.C., have been reduced to thirty cents for ten words and two cents for every additional word. The former rates were forty and three cents, respectively, and it will be noticed that the reduction is considerable. The new arrangement goes into effect immediately. It will be gladly hailed by our business men.

Seven Items from Snow Shoe.

One of the drivers at Snow Shoe was very severely kicked on Monday by a vicious mule.

John Uzzle has an immense wild cat in his possession. While we are alluding to Mr. U. we may also note the fact that he is clearing off a farm of 200 acres, on which a commodious house is in process of construction.

James Williams, of Bellefonte, is erecting a new residence for R. J. Gilliland.

The firm of William Grauer & Co. are enlarging their business office.

E. A. Nolan has opened a saloon and restaurant in the basement of his building, and as a return for his enterprise has been doing a large business.

The Hungarians celebrated pay day by getting drunk and howling all night.

The railroad is being extended to Snow Shoe. Mr. McGahey has the contract.

—Some people are lamentably deficient in fine and delicate feeling. They fail to comprehend how it is that General James A. Beaver does not really desire to be Governor of Pennsylvania, but at the same time when nominated to that position is impelled by a high sense of honor and duty to labor earnestly to secure it. General Beaver is essentially a great man and the high office to which his party has nominated him cannot add to his honors or to the esteem in which he is held. In common with other soldiers he may deprecate war, but yet fight valiantly for the right when called upon to do so. He may shrink from the publicity and the jealous criticism which his candidacy brings, but the service which he can do his country will far out-weigh his personal feelings. His conduct in this regard is an example to all of high-toned honor and self-respect. It is true that "no man can question his manhood."

Temporary Suspension. It is customary among glass blowers everywhere to cease operations during the very warm weather of summer, and in conformity to that usage the glass works in this place will suspend work temporarily after next week, remaining inactive through July and August. All who visit the works know how high the temperature rises in the apartments in which the work is performed, and that the men employed near the furnaces are exposed to the most intense heat. This becomes insupportable in warm weather, hence the temporary suspension. But, then, the company have struck a bonanza and are growing rich, and can afford to rest on their oars a short time.

Benefit to Railroad Men. In the revised by-laws of the Pennsylvania railroad men's mutual benefit association, which will be issued as soon as practicable, there is a sick and disabled members' fund established which will give to those who may happen to need it \$5 per week in case they are disabled from work for one month and not longer than six months. Twenty-five cents per month will be required of each member to keep this fund up. Commencing on the 1st of July, 1882, it is expected this amount will meet all demands until the association holds its second annual convention on the second Tuesday in June, 1883, at which time there can be made some changes if necessary.

—On Monday last Mrs. Rachel Young, who resides about two miles from town, reached her 72d birthday. The evening of that day was celebrated by her relatives and friends gathering at her house to pass a few hours in her companionship. There were many from Bellefonte. Osceola, Clearfield county, was represented by Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Boalich. We understand that Mrs. Young is a sister of our townsman, Mr. Christian Derr. Although so advanced in years, she is in the enjoyment of fair health and occasionally walks from her home to town. We trust that there are many more years before her ere she shall be called to bid farewell to the changing scenes of this life.

—The sheriff's sale of Isaac Guggenheimer's property, which was advertised for Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock, has been postponed by an injunction issued by the court at the instance of other creditors of Guggenheimer and Guggenheimer & Co., until the validity of the judgment confessed by Guggenheimer to his brother-in-law, Mr. Abram Hirsch, of Lancaster, in the sum of nearly \$14,000, can be tested in court. The allegation of the other creditors is that this judgment is fraudulent and confessed for the purpose of hindering, delaying, preventing and defrauding them in the collection of their claims.

Peruna and Manalin are the two kingly of the Materia Medica.

New Advertisements.



Mr. Albert Kingsbury, Keene, N. H., troubled with bad humor on hands and neck, caused by lead poisoning. (He is a painter.) At times it would break out, crack open, and the skin separate from the flesh in large pieces, suffering great continual itching and stinging. Purchased your remedies; used CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and in less than three months effected a complete cure, and has not been troubled since. Corroborated by Ballard & Foster, Druggists, Keene, N. H.

MOTHER DIED FROM IT.

J. W. Adams, Newark, Ohio, says: "Cuticura Remedies are the greatest medi cines on earth. Had the worst case salt rheum in this county. My mother had it twenty years, and in fact died from it. I believe Cuticura would have saved her life. My arms, breast and head were covered for three years, which nothing relieved or cured until I used the Cuticura Resolvent (good purifier) internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura soap externally."

PSORIASIS.

H. E. Carpenter, Esq., Henderson, N. Y., cured of Psoriasis or Leprosy, of twenty years' standing, by the CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally. The most wonderful case on record. Cure certified to before a justice of the peace and prominent citizens. All afflicted with itching and scaly diseases should send to us for this testimonial in full.

SALT RHEUM.

Those who have experienced the torments of Salt Rheum can appreciate the agony I endured for years, until I cured by CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally.

Mrs. WM. PELLINGTON, Sharon, Wis.

CUTICURA

And CUTICURA SOAP externally and CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally will positively cure every species of Humors, from a common Pimple to Scrofula. Price of Cuticura, small box, 25c; large box, \$1.00. Cuticura Resolvent, \$1.00 per bottle. Cuticura Soap, 25c. Cuticura Shaving Soap, 15c. Sold by all druggists.

Depot, Weeks & Potter, Boston.

CATARRH



Sanford's Radical Cure.

A single dose instantly relieves the most violent sneezing or head cold, clears the head as by magic, stops watery discharges from the nose and eyes, prevents ringing noises in the head, cures Nervous Headache and subdues Chills and Fever. In Chronic Catarrh it cleanses the nasal passages of foul mucus, restores the senses of smell, taste and hearing when affected, frees the head, throat and bronchial tubes of offensive matter, awakens and purifies the breath, stops the cough and arrests the progress of catarrh towards consumption.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler, all in one package, of all druggists, for \$1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure.

WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

100 TIMES MORE EFFECTUAL than any other plaster for pain and weakness of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys and Urinary organs, Partial Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Female Weakness, Nervous Pains and Weaknesses, Malaria and Fever and Ague. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

MEN'S WHOLE STOCK BROGANS, \$1.00.

WOMEN'S CARPET SLIPPERS, 25c.

WOMEN'S LASTING SLIPPERS, 50c.

MEN'S CARPET SLIPPERS, 50c.

WOMEN'S BUTTON SHOES, \$1.25.

WOMEN'S WALKING SHOES, \$1.00

DOLL & MINGLE.

14-23-3m

\$47 a month and board in our county. Address P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., box 51, Philadelphia, Pa. 14 23 4w

LARGE STOCK OF LADIES' SLIPPERS, WALKING SHOES, AND MEN'S LOW SHOES AT DOLL & MINGLES. 14-22-3m

SOUTH Don't locate before seeing our James River Settlement. Thru. Passenger Free. J. F. Mancha, Claremont, Stry Co., Va. 25-4f

HETZEL'S new style \$75 Organs. Sold on installment plan. Best organ in existence for the price and terms. Address C. W. HETZEL, Baplistown, N. J. 14 23 4w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary having this day been issued to the undersigned on the estate of Sarah S. Williams late of Huston township, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment without delay and all persons having claims will present the same duly authenticated to me. W. S. WILLIAMS, Executor. Martha, Pa., May 8, 1882. 14-19-5f

SOLDIERS

who contracted disease of any kind, or received wounds even of the slightest character, can get a PENSION. Thousands now drawing pensions can get an increase under new laws and liberal rulings of the Department. Also \$300 Bounty due soldiers of the late war. Send for laws and important information. KOOKOGLEY & CO. Box 647, Washington, D. C. 41f

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

111 and 113 N. 4th Street (above Arch)

PHILAD'A.

Opposite Academy of Fine Arts; the co-squares from Academy of Music; one square from Public Buildings and Masonic Temple.

TERMS, \$1.50 PER DAY.

JOEL HUTTON, Proprietor.

14-211f

Frank P. Blair.

I have just received the Largest, Finest, and in every way the Best Stock of

Silver Ware

ever offered in this town. I can show you ware heavier in the metal, finer in the finish, with more weight of silver to the square inch than you ever saw before. I am now buying nothing less than

QUADRUPLE PLATE,

which is a grade heavier than any other. But one of the most important items relating to these goods is the price I can sell them at. Taking the exclusive sale of them in this county enables me to buy large quantities. Large quantities entitles me to the lowest prices and largest rebates. Giving you these advantages enables you to buy these fine goods, never higher, and sometimes lower than the most common goods which are entitled to be called silverware.

FRANK P. BLAIR

No. 2 Brookerhoff House,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN. - Editor.

Terms, \$2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Only one person now confined in Fort Dunkle.

—This is the kind of weather to ripen cherries.

—Considerable illness seems to prevail just now.

—John Bartruff's new carriage manufactory has received a fresh coat of dark paint.

—Many of the small children of this place are afflicted with measles.

—All the city papers are sending correspondents to the State College commencement exercises.

—The Bellefonte Academy closed on Friday of last week with exercises of an interesting character.

—The small boys never weary of fishing. Philosophers may hold them up as an example of patience.

—Few persons are so poor that they cannot keep a pair of horses—one for wood and the other for clothes.

—A Jersey Shore lady has ripe tomatoes in her garden, and can score one over the best gardeners in this section.

—We are told that there was an alarm of fire on Saturday evening last, but could not find out what caused it.

—The Central Pennsylvania Dental Association will hold its next meeting at Tyrone, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m., July 24th.

—A horned toad brought all the way from Arizona is said to be one of the attractions in the law office of Stitzer & Magee.

—Lawn parties will probably not be numerous this summer. The weather is altogether too unreliable for that sort of sport.

—The State Editorial Association of New Jersey met at the Mountain House, Cresson, yesterday, for their annual reunion and dinner.

—Lock Haven girls do not use torpedoes because they can't find a place on the pavement to throw them without striking their own feet.

—We have not yet heard of a single genuine picnic party. Has this delightful mode of recreation gone out of fashion and consequently out of the world?

—State College students are flying back and forth between Bellefonte and the College as if the equanimity of their lives had been disturbed in an unusual manner.

—We understand that the finishing touches were yesterday put upon the last car of the contract on which the car works of this place have recently been engaged.

—We cannot fail to notice the absence from our town of a number of very pretty young ladies. We wish warm weather would never come if it always has this effect.

—Why don't the ladies of the temperance restaurant add ice cream to their bill of fare? The weather is too warm to scald one's interior with hot soup, when other more refreshing edibles are in the market.

—The rain fell in torrents at Milesburg on Saturday last during the comparatively slight storm in this vicinity. The streets of that place were literally submerged and considerable inconvenience caused thereby.

—We learn from the Altoona Tribune that Charles Edwin, infant son of William and Susannah Shope, of that place, died on Saturday, aged six weeks. Interment took place at Milesburg, this county, to-day.

—Philipsburg will soon have a town clock. Although the people of that borough have not agitated the desired improvement as long as those of the city of Lock Haven, we predict that the former will be the first to secure it.

—Lock Haven papers have something to speculate and make extravagant predictions about now—a prospective fireman's parade on the Fourth of July. After the Fourth they probably will not refer to it so frequently nor in such enthusiastic terms.

—The Orchestra entertainment of the Y. M. C. A. piano fund course, to be given on Thursday evening next, will consist of an entire change of programme. Several visitors to our town will take part, among whom we might particularize Mr. B. F. Keller.

—The ladies of the M. E. church in Howard will hold an ice cream festival, beginning Saturday evening, July 1st, and continuing Monday evening, the 3d, and during the entire day and evening of the 4th. Proceeds for the benefit of the church at that place. All are invited to attend.

Escaped from Jail.

On Friday night Fort Dunkle resounded with the tread of three prisoners, now only one is confined within its vast walls and corridors—reason, two-thirds of the entire number broke jail at about eleven o'clock on that night and have departed beyond the ken of the Bellefonte authorities. The jail birds who have made themselves scarce are James Murray and McAlley, alias "Shorty." The former is well known and was incarcerated for threatening to kill his wife. The offence would have been settled soon and his trouble in escaping was almost superfluous. The latter was a tramp, was placed in jail for costs and he also would have been liberated soon. He is now, however, again enjoying the joys and pleasures of a tramp's existence.

Their escape, while not a matter of much consequence so far as they are individually concerned, will serve a good purpose in showing changes that should be made about the jail, some of which we believe have already been reported by the grand jurors. Their departure from the jail proper was made through a hole in the floor by means of which other prisoners have made their exit on previous occasions. Thence they emerged by a cellar door into the mansion part of the jail, went out a hall door, sealed the rear wall by means of a plank, leaped upon the shed back of the wall and found themselves safe on terra firma. The plank in the jail yard had been used by the prisoners as a resting place when taking their recreation. It will remain there no longer. The defects which should receive immediate attention are the hole in the floor and the shed in the rear of the jail wall, the latter affording a means of climbing to the top of the wall from the outside at any time and thus giving prisoners a way of escape.

Tin-Can Poisoning.

An exchange offers the following remarks upon the dangers which attend the use of the cheaper varieties of so-called "tin ware." It says: "The tin-iron cans used for preserving fruit, meats, soups, etc., are made from the cheapest tin, and the coating often holds 10 or even 12 per cent. of lead or zinc. The danger from the use of tinned iron vessels in cooking and for holding water used for culinary purposes is so great that in France recent legislative enactments regulate the manufacture of tin requiring an increase in the thickness of tin coating, and prohibiting, under severe penalties, any admixture of lead or other metals. The use of canned food is becoming so general that the same pains should be taken to prevent the more common forms of food adulteration. Medical writers state that unquestionably much of the mysterious illness which the physician is called to treat result from lead or zinc poisoning communicated to the food and drink through poisonous metals with which they have come in contact."

—The viewers appointed by the court to examine the unused road leading from a point near Kohlbecker's hotel in Central City along the northwest side of the Bald Eagle Valley railroad, finished their work on Friday last, two days being consumed in the operation. It is unnecessary to say that Host Kohlbecker excelled himself in elaborate hospitality, treating the viewers—consisting of S. D. Ray, Esq., and Messrs. Derr and Foster—to some very elegant spreads, including all the delicacies and substantial of the season. The viewers are unanimous in the opinion that the road should be open to the public as it will be a great convenience to many people.

—The Presbytery of Huntingdon met at Bedford on Tuesday, June 20, at 2 p. m. The part of the business of the afternoon session which seems to be of local interest is related by the Bedford Inquirer as follows:

Notice of an appeal from the decision of the presbytery in the case of Homer H. Hewitt, of the church of Williamsburg, was read and Rev. William Laurie, Rev. R. Hamill, D. D. and General James A. Beaver were appointed to defend the presbytery before the synod in October.

The next meeting of the Presbytery will be held at Shade Gap the 2d of October.

—On the question of the next potato crop, the eyes have it.—*Lovell Courier*. On the question of the onion crop the nose will have it.—*Boston Advertiser*. And when you go for the cherry crop you must expect to be stoned.—*Steele Reporter*. And when we tell you about the corn crop, you will have to "lend us your ears."

—Williamsport Banner. And when we tell you about the Clinton county tobacco crop, you must expect to be "strapped, smoked, chewed and sweated."—*Lock Haven Journal*. And when we tell you about the Centre county apple crop, we shall expect to be *cored*.

Literary Exercises at State College.

As our readers are aware, the principal literary exercises on the part of the students of State College will take place to-day and tomorrow, June 28 and 29. To-day the interesting feature will be the "Junior Contest for the Oratorical Prize." The titles of the orations to constitute the literary feast and the names of the orators are as follows: "Leaders in Thought," Joseph H. Hollis, Lewistown; "Exertion," L. H. Krebs, Pine Grove Mills; "Completeness," George C. Butz, New Castle; "The Reign of Ignorance," Ira J. Laughman, Altoona; "The Language of the Future," Wm. E. Gray, Buffalo Run.

On Thursday the members of the graduating class will deliver orations. It is the twentieth class which has been graduated by this institution and one of the best. The list is as follows: Salutatory, Robert Tait, Norwich, Va.; "The Hunger of the Spirit," E. W. Saphore, Philadelphia; "Personal Eminence," I. D. McCreary, West Mill Creek; "Classical Study," Edwin Dale, College; "The Discipline of Business," A. E. Canfield, Williamsport; "Do Circumstances Make the Man?" J. M. Dale, Lemont; "Testing of Seeds," R. Tait; "Evolution," G. S. Chadman, Pine Grove Mills; "Conditions of Scientific Investigation," H. C. Dale, Lemont; Valedictory, J. Gilbert White, Milroy.

Welcome News.

The rumors in regard to Charley McClure, son of Harvey McClure, of this place, have been circulated widely, and it is proper that the welcome news which contradicts the report that he has been guilty of manslaughter or any other crime should be published. Although none of his acquaintances gave any credence to the reports, the authoritative denial of them will afford relief. The following letter was received by his brother, J. H. McClure. The writer was formerly of Philipsburg and is now chief of the fire department of Pueblo, Colorado. It is as follows:

PUEBLO, Colorado, June 17, 1882.

MR. J. H. MCCLURE, BELLEFONTE, PA.—Dear Sir: Your letter dated June 7th received to-day. Would reply that Charley is now keeping time and looking after the mining interests of the "Colorado Cattle and Mining Company," who are operating about 45 miles southwest of this city. Charley is doing very well. He was in town last week after some machinery for the mine and came in to see me. He likes his situation and looks first-rate, and is considerably improved. He was not very favorably impressed with Colorado when he first came, but now appears to like the country very much. When he was here he said he expected to make another trip about the 19th or 20th, so I am looking for him every day. Kindly give my love to Uncle and his family. Very respectfully yours,

SAM M. HERR.

A Peculiar Cattle Disease.

Mr. John C. Peters, of near Unionville, who visited town on Thursday, informs us that a peculiarly fatal disease has broken out among the cattle in that vicinity, about ten head having died from its effects. Its symptoms are a serious affection of the kidneys and sore throat. Some of Mr. Peters' cattle are effected in this manner, and he has been feeding saltpetre and Barger's cattle powders, with apparent good effect, the progress of the disease being arrested. Others recommend turpentine and lard as an application to the throat. Ten head of cattle have already died, the principal sufferers being Mrs. Stein, who lost two cows; Wilson Irvin, a cow and a heifer; Henry Irvin, three head of cattle; and Aaron Hall one head. Mr. Peters has heard it designated as murrain, but thinks that the real name of the disease is not known.

—At the photograph gallery of J. W. Moore may be seen a beautiful and very striking likeness of our good-looking townsman, C. M. Bower, Esq. The picture is a crayon, life size, and reflects credit upon Miss Fisher, the artist, who is one of Centre county's fair daughters. Although Miss Fisher has just commenced her vocation in this place she has several orders for pictures and no doubt will soon have more than she can do. Her portraits that have been seen by persons in other places are much admired and have secured her several orders.

Accident near Snow Shoe.

Mr. William Lucas, an employe of Austin McClain's saw mill about three miles from Snow Shoe, on the Black Moshannon, was terribly injured Friday morning about seven o'clock while at work at that establishment. He was caught in the belting under the mill, which he was repairing at the time, and whirled rapidly around. We could not learn the full extent of his injuries, but they are very serious, perhaps fatal. We hope to hear a more favorable report of his condition in a few days.

—The accident which occurred to Mr. John Feaster, and employe of the nail works on Wednesday afternoon, was much more serious than was supposed. One of his feet was cut in a terrible manner, from which the blood flowed freely. It was thought that he might not survive, but his condition is now improving.

Premature Explosion of Fireworks.

The Fourth of July is not yet here, but a resident of Curtin street, about whom was gathered a happy family, enjoyed all the excitement of that occasion one day last week. He learned that sky-rockets were a necessary accompaniment of the Fourth and decided to try his skill in exploding them at that early day. He purchased three. He and his family repaired to the garden where the *pater familias* planted one of the patriotic explosives in the ground. After applying the match to various parts of it without the desired effect he at last struck the right spot and the infernal thing went off. The explosion was so much more sudden and violent than he anticipated that he jumped back with great force against his wife, knocking that lady prostrate. In her descent she knocked down one of the children, the falling child prostrated another, and so on until the entire family, including the father, had measured their lengths on the virgin soil. The experience was very profitable to the family, but they will not attempt to explode the remaining sky-rockets until they have taken some lessons in the operation.

—While in Lock Haven Thursday, on inspection and pleasure bent, accompanied by Editor Gray of the *Daily News*, we had the pleasure of visiting a number of that city's leading industries, and other points of interest, including the Highland Cemetery and the State Normal School, the pride of every Lock Havenite. The principal manufactures, those in which a considerable amount of capital is invested, with energetic men at the helm, are booming along in a prosperous channel. The Pennsylvania Pulp and Paper works are running night and day to keep up with orders, which Superintendent Dixon informed us are pouring in in a manner highly encouraging to the proprietors. The works are now manufacturing a good quality of news print, which finds a market even in Philadelphia, where a sharp competition is met with. But few traces of the fire which destroyed the works last summer now remain. The new buildings are of brick, roomy and substantial, and will offer a much greater resistance to the flames than the old wooden structure. The kindling wood manufactory is another of Lock Haven's leading enterprises, being originally started, we are informed, merely as an experiment. It turned out a success, and now the products of the concern are shipped all over the States, and its proprietor is fast rolling up a fortune. Our escort on this occasion, we must not neglect to add, was genial, whole-souled, Grow, of the *Daily Journal*, and to prove him no novice at the business we have only to mention that the first place he piloted us to was the Fallon House dining hall, his evident intention being to establish a sort of boss-ship over us for the day through the "feeding process," which rarely fails. Well, we ate and drank and tooth-picked, and departed in a very amiable frame of mind, the experience of all who stop at this popular hostelry.

Serious Accident.

On Friday at about one o'clock, Mr. Oliver Witmer, son of Mr. Charles Witmer, of near Roopburg, met with a serious accident while at work on the new dwelling house in process of erection by Mr. John Bartruff on Bishop street. He was engaged upon the frame work of a dormer window in the roof when his foot slipped and he fell a distance of twenty-five feet to the ground, alighting upon a pile of boards. His left wrist was broken and he received other injuries of a serious and painful nature. Dr. T. R. Hayes was called and gave the wound the proper surgical attention. The unfortunate young man is about twenty-three years of age. We hope soon to hear that he is on the road to recovery.

—Those who are much in the hot sun should avoid drinking large quantities of cold water; it is better, if possible, to take small draughts at frequent intervals. If some of the cold water is poured upon the temples, the temperature of the body will be rapidly reduced, and with better effect upon the system than if taken internally. A light, white hat is far more comfortable than a black, heavy one, and if it has a wet cloth, or even a fresh cabbage-leaf, placed in the crown, it will be all the more cool and comfortable. A light handkerchief tied loosely about the neck will protect it from the turning sun. A bath at night is very refreshing, but should not be prolonged.

—Col. L. L. Tate, of the Lycoming Chronicle, has reached his 72d birthday, and for over fifty years has been actively engaged in newspaper work. He must have a wonderful constitution to endure the most arduous labor in existence that long.

Things We Do not Understand.

Very insignificant things, if they could speak, would sometimes unfold a tale of interest. For instance, many persons are surprised that a sober, staid gentleman like Mr. W. G. Morrison, who has served as clerk *pro tem*, for some of the notable officials in the court house, should wear a lady's sailor hat. Yet such is the case. It is a Singer hat, too, and the "true inwardness" of the strange fact is that some mischievous maidens stole his own hat and he succeeded in capturing this one, which is owned by a lady of the aforementioned musical name.

Sheriff Dunkle, when he takes his walks abroad, sometimes glances into obscure places, but his search for something is not rewarded. He is looking for that boy whom he recently sent out from the jail with a hatchet to cut a bean pole and who has not yet returned, notwithstanding the fact that he carried the same kind of instrument that made the truthfulness of George Washington so prominent?

—Rose McMullery, the queen of Bellefonte aristocracy, stood on the piazza of her father's stately residence, last evening, wistfully looking at the evening star as it grew brighter and brighter in the pure radiance of her luminous eye, and anon gazing at her lover who, with palpitating heart, stood near watching the varying expression of her queenly face, which might have been mistaken for a ripe tomato under its overhanging wreath of bangs. She turned to him a face of cherry pie sweetness as she said: "Yes, Reginald; you may have the hand which you so tenderly pressed unto you almost drove that \$1,000 ring into the flesh. The signs on the financial sky are not propitious. Strikes are agitating the bosoms of the people. Butter remains at a dizzy height and the hens refuse to lay the pearly-shelled fruit without which puddings and custards are an aching void. A crash may come and then I should be sorry for having given you the grand bounce. Your bank account is said to be good even if you cannot tell a tomato plant from a cabbage leaf. Yes, I shall bestow my affections on you and if that Osmond McGregor, who didn't offer to treat me to ice cream last evening, calls around within the next twenty-four hours on the same mission he shall learn once and forever that it is the early bird that catches the worm."

—The biggest sea monster story of modern date is reported by the officers of the British steamer *Scythia*, just arrived at New York, who report having seen a monster nine hundred feet long, the portion raised above the water being elevated three hundred feet. This is the veritable sea serpent, and no mistake. It is useless to say that the officers of the *Scythia* did not attempt to capture his majesty. And yet so-called scientists pretend to deny that there are fish in existence large enough to swallow a man and land him safely on land three days afterwards, as is related in the Bible narrative of Jonah. If that fish can't do it, we fumble.

—The amusement season in Bellefonte next fall and winter promises to be a lively one, and the entertainments of a somewhat higher order than have heretofore been given. Manager Sourbeck informs us that he has already booked two companies from the Madison Square Theatre, New York, also Leavitt's Gigantic Minstrel Troupe, which latter will be here early in the season. So far so good. Now if John can induce some one to build a new Opera House or rebuild the old one, he will deserve a bronze medal as big as a dinner plate.

Escape from Fire.

The water cure, technically called "Our Home Hygienic Institute," located at Dansville, N. Y., was burned Monday. The persons from this place who were there under treatment—including Mr. George L. Potter and family and Miss Mary Cook—escaped with but little loss and no personal injury. The only particulars known are contained in the telegrams received by their friends in this place Tuesday morning.

—Rev. John Palmer, of the A. M. E. church, says arrangements are being made for the camp meeting of that organization, which will commence on the 22d of July and continue to the 30th, closing Sunday evening. The boarding house is now for rent to the most reliable applicant. All communications should be addressed to Rev. J. M. Palmer, Bellefonte, before July 4.

Meeting of the Commissioners.

The regular meeting of the Board of Commissioners which, in the natural order of events, would occur on Tuesday, the Fourth of July, will be held on Monday, the 3d. Those who desire to be present on that occasion should remember the change.

Personal and Particular.

Mrs. Cyrus Weaver returned from Harrisburg on Tuesday.

Rev. Henry Keller departed Saturday morning for Williamsport.

Rev. S. E. Furst will visit Gettysburg this week, remaining away about ten days.

Rev. William Laurie is expected home on Thursday next. He is now in St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Y. Stitzer departed Saturday morning for Gettysburg, to be absent a week.

R. A. Magee, Esq., returned on Friday afternoon after a long business trip to the Bradford oil regions.

Mr. John Blanchard, son of Evan Blanchard, Esq., is at home. He has been attending Haverford College.

Mrs. Mallory, of Penn street, is lying very low with consumption, from which she has long been a sufferer.

Mrs. Montgomery, of Allegheny street, is entertaining a lady guest—Miss Hattie Thomas, of Lewistown.

Miss Sallie Burnside, of Bellefonte, is in the city the guest of Mrs. Sylvester Mussina.—*Williamsport Sun and Banner*.

John A. Woodward, Esq., farmer, agricultural editor and aspirant for legislative honors, was in Bellefonte on Tuesday.

Mr. David Moore, general manager of Valentines' stores, returned on Wednesday from a trip to Huntingdon county.

* Mr. Charles K. McCafferty, Jr., who has been sojourning at Atlantic City for several months, returned home on Wednesday.

Rev. John Hewitt was not sufficiently well to hold service last Sunday evening, consequently the Episcopal church was closed.

Mr. Reuben Spangler was so unfortunate as to cut one of his thumbs quite severely Saturday morning while manipulating a screw driver.

Mr. William Burns, a compositor on the *Sunday Morning* of Altoona, is in town. He is well known in Bellefonte, having spent his boyhood days here.

Mrs. Clara Harvey, of this county, is visiting at the residence of her father, D. A. Clark, at Collomsville. She has been quite ill while away from home, but is now recovering.

Mr. Al. Haupt officiates as clerk of the Brockerhoff House in a very pleasant and affable manner, giving his constant attention to the numerous guests of that hotel.

Rev. Dr. Hitchcock, President of the Hollidaysburg Female Seminary, was in town on Monday. The very excellent school over which he presides closed last week with exercises of an interesting character.

Mr. John Ray, who has been absent from town during the past nine months, returned home on Friday, and will remain until August. Part of his time has been spent at Freeburg, Snyder county, attending a musical college.

Miss Clara Annabel, who has presided with much dignity and grace, during the past two years, as governess in the family of Mr. George Valentine, started last Wednesday to her home in Philadelphia, where she will remain for some time.

Col. W. C. Carrington, Mayor of Richmond, Va., and Mr. John C. Teller, of the same city, are registered at the Bush House. The latter gentleman is a brother of Mr. W. R. Teller, the proprietor. They will remain some time enjoying the hospitality of the house.

—A Williamsport market man gave away four kegs of buttermilk to his customers last Saturday morning. Here's an example for Bellefonte market men to imitate.

MARRIED.

KIDD—WILSON.—On the 15th of June, at the home of the bride's father at Beaver Mills, Centre county, Pa., by Rev. J. P. Hughes, Mr. Frank Kidd and Miss Susan Wilson.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, JUNE 24, 1882.

Wheat	90
Rye	80
Corn, cob	90
Corn, shelled, old	90
Oats	80
Cloverseed	5 50@6 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	7 20
Flour, wholesale	6 25

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	\$12 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long re straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga ground, per ton	\$7 00
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	9 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.	
Apples, dried, per pound	6
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	12 1/2
Beans per quart	10
Fresh butter per pound	15
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	20
Country hams per pound	12
Hams, sugar cured	18
Country Bacon	12 1/2
Lard per pound	20
Potatoes per bushel, new	24
Peas per bushel	20
Dried beef	40
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	15
Lemons per doz	40
Dried sweet corn per pound	12